The Fort Wayne Sentinel.

VOL. 15—No 29. FORT WAYNE, INDIANA, SATURDAY, JANUARY 20, 1855. WHOLE No 1128

THOMAS TIGAR,
EDITOR AND PUBLISHER.

OFFICE,—*Corner of Pearl and Calhoun streets, Third Story, opposite P. Kiser's.*

TERMS:

Two Dollars per annum, in Advance; Two Dollars Fifty Cents at the end of Six Months; or Three Dollars at the end of the Year.

No paper discontinued until all arrearages are paid up except at the option of the publisher.

Advertisements inserted at One Dollar per Square of Ten Lines for the first three weeks, and half that rate for subsequent insertions.

A liberal allowance made to those who advertise by the year.

JOB PRINTING

Executed with neatness, accuracy and dispatch on the most reasonable terms.

LIFE INSURANCE.

U States Life Insurance Annuity & Trust Company of Philadelphia.

OFFICES—S. E. corner Third and Chesnut sts., Philad'a; 5 Nassau street, New York; 43 Camp street, New Orleans; 50 Second street, Baltimore; 14 Congress street, Boston; 31 Third Street, Cincinnati.

Assets liable for Losses, Jan 1, 1853,

$306,029.00.

The Cash System the only safe, sound and sensible one for either a Company or its insured members, and a perseverance in rigid application of correct Life Insurance business, have resulted in the most eminent success of this Company.

CINCINNATI BOARD OF TRUSTEES.

John L. Vattier, President, Richard Conkling, John W. Messick, S. R. W. Mehann, I. P. Williams, W. M. Cameron, Richard Bates, James Muldows, Robert Cameron, A. Taft, Robert Moore, John Reeves, William Oyster, Secretary, S. D. BAYLESS, Agent for Fort Wayne.

L. P. Ayres, M.D., Ex. Physician. Aug. 25th, 1853. y—l

LIFE INSURANCE.

The Mutual Life Insurance Co. of New York.

Trinity Building, 111 Broadway.

Net accumulating Cash Funds July 31st, 1853. **$2,193,892.**

Charter Oak Life Insurance Co., HARTFORD, CONNECTICUT. *Capital and Surplus, over $300,000.*

THE undersigned, Agent for the above two most successful and reasonable Life Insurance Companies in the United States, is prepared to receive applications for Life Insurance.

Pamphlets containing rates of premium, and information on the subject of Life Insurance, may be obtained at the office of the undersigned.

"It is no more the moral duty of man to provide the daily bread for his family, while he lives, than it is to provide against their being left penniless in the event of his death."

JOSEPH K. EDGERTON, *Agent.* Fort Wayne, Sept. 12th, 1853. y10

Insurance Agency.

The subscriber having received the agency of the Ætna Insurance Company OF HARTFORD, CONNECTICUT, is prepared to issue policies on the most favorable terms.

This Company has a Capital Stock of $300,000, all paid in and well invested, and is one of the oldest and most responsible Companies in the Union.

JOHN HOUGH, Jr. Fort Wayne, Oct. 30, 1851. y17

Protection Fire & Marine Insurance Company OF HARTFORD, CONN.

Capital Stock, $300,000.

THE undersigned, Agent of this old and well known Company is fully authorized to insure Dwellings, Stores, Hotels, Warehouses, Mills, Manufactories, Barns, &c. Also, Household Furniture and Goods, Wares and Merchandise contained and stored therein, against

LOSS OR DAMAGE BY FIRE.

Also, Dry Goods, Groceries, Manufactured Goods, Produce, Household Furniture, Live Stock, and every other description of Merchandise or Personal property, shipped or to be shipped per good steamboats, or boats, to or from points on the Western waters, or between Eastern cities, (via Lakes or other inland routes) and any town in the Western country, against the hazards of

INLAND TRANSPORTATION,

Also shipments of Goods, Wares and Merchandise, per good vessel or vessels, between New Orleans and Eastern ports—between New Orleans and other Gulf ports—between all American ports and English or European ports or to any intermediate ports whatsoever in the Atlantic waters, against the PERILS OF THE SEAS.

For terms of Insurance—also pamphlets containing further information, apply to JOHN HOUGH, Jr., Agent Protection Insurance Company. Fort Wayne, Jan. 16, 1853 y15

ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW

L. M. NINDE, ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW, FORT WAYNE, INDIANA. Office—On the corner of Main & Calhoun streets. y26

W. S. HOAGLAND, *Attorney at Law,* FORT WAYNE, IND. Room No. 2, over Recorder's Office 57

JOHN HOUGH, JR. WILLIAM H. JONES

HOUGH & JONES, *Attorneys and Counsellors at Law* FORT WAYNE, IND.,

WILL attend to all Legal business entrusted to their care, and will give special attention to the collecting and securing of debts throughout the state.

REFERENCES.

A. Hamilton, Fort Wayne.	Spofford, Tileston & Co. N.Y.
L. W. Townley & Co. "	David Leavitt, "
Young & Waite, Mansfield.	Taylor & Hogg, "
W. A. Otis & Co., Cleveland.	Halstead, Haines & Co. "
Hitchcock, Wilson & Wade, "	Halstead & Bushnell, "
W. R. Rankin, Cincinnati.	Edward Kellogg, Esq. "
Fox & French. "	Loring, Fisk & Co., Boston.
Minor, Andrews & Co. "	Stoddard & Lovering, "
Morton, Tweed & Co. "	McDowell & Hay, Philadelphia.
Wilkeson & Co., Buffalo.	Wood & Abbot, "
Hayward & Noyes. "	Bullitt & Fairthorne, "

J. L. WORDEN. C. CASE.

WORDEN & CASE, Attorneys at Law. Office s. w. corner of Public Square, over Beer's office. 1st, 1853. FORT WA

JOSEPH K. EDGERTON. Attorney & Counsellor-at-Law, LAND & COLLECTION AGENT: FORT WAYNE, IA.,

WILL practice in the State and Federal Courts, and give special attention to *Land Agencies* and the *Securing and Collection of Debts* in any part of Indiana.

REFERENCES.

Grinnell, Minturn & Co., Dabney, Work & Moore, John Steward, Jr. & Co., Tweedy, Moulton & Plimpton, Robert Hyslop, Esq., Clark & Work, — *New York.*

Stedman, Maynard & Co., Wm. A. Brown & Co. — *Cincinnati. Boston.*

Allen Hamilton, Hugh McCulloch, R. W. Taylor, — *Fort Wayne.*

Office—On Clinton st., opposite the Brick Church. 523 July 18, 1853.

E. P. COLERICK. [1849.] W. H. WITHERS.

COLERICK & WITHERS, *Attorneys and Counsellors at Law, and General Land and Tax Agents,* Fort Wayne, Indiana. Will attend to the Collection & Securing of Debts, and Examination of Titles, &c., in Indiana.

*, *Office,—Over H. Smith's Store, corner of Calhoun and Columbia streets. Nov. 17, 1849. 20—y.

WM. W. CARSON, *Attorney and Counsellor at Law,* Fort Wayne, Indiana. Will practice in the Courts of the 12th Judicial Circuit Ind., and will also attend with promptness to any business entrusted to his care.

REFERENCES.

Hon. David McDonald, William T. Otto, *Professors of Law Indiana University;* Samuel Hanna, Thos. Hamilton, Allen Hamilton, *Fort Wayne;* Samuel L. Rugg, *Decatur.*

*, *Office—On Clinton Street, two doors north of the Bank. y38

F. P. RANDALL, *Attorney and Counsellor at Law and Master in Chancery,* Fort Wayne Indiana. Office on Clinton street, two doors south of H. Colerick's Brick Store.

R. BRACKENRIDGE, Jun., *Attorney and Counsellor at Law,* Fort Wayne, Ind. Will attend to the Collection, Adjustment, or Securing of Debts, the payment of Taxes, purchase and sale of lands, and examination of Titles in any part of Indiana.

REFERENCES: Messrs W. G. & G. W. Ewing, A. Hamilton, H. Hanna, Hugh McCulloch, *Fort Wayne;* Alfred Harrison, *Indianapolis;* Richard Suydam, W. Hyslop, Alex. Keene, *New York;* Jos. Jamieson, I. D. & C. Jones, *Cincinnati, Ohio.*

Office—Corner of Pearl and Calhoun streets, under the Sentinel office.

MEDICAL NOTICES.

Dr. C. S. Smith, Fort Wayne.

Office on Calhoun street, recently occupied by Drs Sturgis and Woodworth, under the Sentinel office. Fort Wayne, July 7th. y—1

T. P. McCullough, M. D. Surgeon & Physician. *Office under the Odd Fellow's Hall.* Fort Wayne, June 16th, 1851. 16m50

Drs. O. & Mary F. THOMAS. OFFICE North-West Corner of Main and Calhoun Streets, in Phoenix Block, over Foellinger's Shoe Store, FORT WAYNE, IND. y—11

Dr. ROGERS *Office on Corner Main and Calhoun streets Over R. Evans & Co's Store.* Fort Wayne, Sept. 19, 1853. 16m21

C. E. Tupper, M. D., SURGEON & OCULIST.

OFFICE corner of Columbia and Calhoun streets, over G. Wilson's store, where he may be found day and night by those wishing his aid in Medicine or Surgery.

All diseases of the Eye treated by the most approved surgical practice. Fort Wayne, July 1st.

Dr. Woodworth HAS removed his Office to his house, on the corner of Clinton and Wayne streets, directly back of the 1st Presbyterian Church, where he may be found when not professionally engaged. Fort Wayne, Feb. 23th, 1854 31

DR. E. STURGIS, continues the practice of Medicine and Surgery at his office on Calhoun street. The remaining his services will meet with prompt attention. Fort Wayne, August 18th, 1847. 178

HOMŒOPATHY.

P. M. LEONARD, M.D., respectfully tenders his professional services to the inhabitants of Fort Wayne and vicinity, as *Homœopathic Physician and Surgeon.* He may be found at the Office of Dr Brooks, on Calhoun Street first building north of Canal Bridge, at all times when not professionally engaged. y18

Books and Stationery.

C. L. HILL has received his Spring and Summer supply of Books and Stationery, and has now on hand the *best stock* ever offered for sale in this market. It consists of

SCHOOL BOOKS

of every description used in this vicinity, and offers them at Wholesale or Retail. Country merchants will do as well to buy of him as to go East.

LAW BOOKS.—He keeps a general assortment of Standard Law Books, and has facilities for ordering anything in this line that may be wanted.

MEDICAL BOOKS.—Every thing in the medical line of a standard character can be had at Hill's Book Store.

MISCELLANEOUS BOOKS.—A full supply of all standards works, together with all the standard poets, are kept constantly on hand, and new miscellaneous books are received as soon as published.

PAPER.

French, English and American Cap and Letter Paper, worth from one dollar and fifty cents to five dollars per ream. Bill paper, Wrapping paper Printing and Hardware Paper, he has always for sale.

Fancy Articles.

He has also just received a large lot of fancy articles, such as fine Rosewood and Mahogany writing desks, Portfolios, Card Cases, Ladies' Portmonnaies and Gent's Traveling Cases, together with the most beautiful articles of all, which the Ladies are requested to take particular notice of, viz:—a splendid lot of Ladies' Cabas of the latest and most fashionable style.

PAPER HANGINGS.

He keeps the best stock of Paper Hangings, Window Shades and Fire Board prints in the place. May 12th.

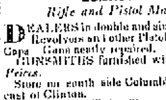
THE BEST YOUNG HYSON in the country. J. & C. DEFF.

Drake's City Express.

WILL deliver all Goods bought at the Emporium to any part of the City, FREE OF CHARGE.

GUNS! GUNS!

South side of Columbia St.; three doors east of Clinton.



SMITH & CO., *Rifle and Pistol Manufacturers,*

DEALERS in double and single barrel Shot Guns, Revolvers and other Pistols, Powder, Shot, and Caps. Guns neatly repaired.

GUNSMITHS furnished with materials at *Low Prices.*

Store on south side Columbia street, three doors east of Clinton.

☞ *Increased Twist Target Rifles* made to order and warranted to perform according to the annexed scale:

At 100 yards, an average of 1 inch each shot.
200 " " 2½ "
300 " " 5 "
400 " " 8 "

SMITH & Co. Aug. 27. y—8

Cash Crockery House. GOULDS & ELLIOTT, *No. 195, Pearl Street,* (one door below Maiden Lane,) NEW YORK.

CHINA, GLASS AND EARTHENWARE of every description, at PRICES TEN per cent below any CREDIT HOUSE in the City, by the package, or very carefully re-packed for the Country Trade. Particular attention given to orders by Mail. 3 m

Piano Stools.

JUST received at HILL'S Piano Forte Warerooms another large lot of Piano Stools of all descriptions, which will be sold as low as can be bought in New York. 3

POETRY.

Locks of Hair.

The following stanzas appeared a few years ago in the poet's corner of a Canadian newspaper. We think that all who read them will at once pronounce them worthy or preservation:

You've often heard our promise, Fred,
One day to tell you were
And from what treasured heads I shred
These treasured locks of hair,
Well, now the time has come at last,
Your birth day festival.
Has blithely come and swiftly passed,
And you shall know them all.

Twelve years have fleeted since I bow'd,
In tearless grief my knee
Beside our dying sire, and vow'd
A parent's care for thee;
And I remember how you tried
Till e'n the menials wept,
To wake our father when he died,
And said "he only slept."

This short curl'd lock, half dark, half gray,
I clipt it from his brow,
I've kept it sacred till to day,
We will divide it now;
And when you look upon it, Fred,
Still think you hear the voice
That with his dying accents said
"My Father, bless my boys!"

This raven braid belong'd to one
You never knew, my brother:
She only blessed her new born son—
And died—our sainted mother!
She left us—but with us she left
A fairer, tender flower;
But like a plant of sun bereft
She wither'd from that hour.

Spring's buds around our mothers tomb,
Came just in time to Sara,
We saw the flowers of autumn bloom
Upon our sister's grave.
My boy! your tears are falling fast
On yonder golden tress,
It is a relic, and the last,
Of her lost loveliness.

And this long waving silken curl,
Ah! that you must not share;
You never knew the single girl
Who gave that auburn hair.
My beautiful! my blessed one!
And she! the [illegible] away!
I strove to breathe "Thy will be done,"
But it was hard to say.

Oh! by how weak and frail a thing
May the heart's depth be stirred,
How close and long will memory cling
To one light look or word;
And one not them slight look with more
Of spirit meaning fraught,
Than all the mystic letter'd lore
That sages ever taught!

Well they are happy now, dear boy,
Their ransom'd souls are free
They feel no more earth's hollow joy,
And cant mystery.
Our barks are struggling close to shore,
By storm and tempest driven,
But they have pass'd life's ocean o'er,
And anchor'd safe in heaven.

Twelve Rules for the New Year.—The following rules are intended, mainly, for the guidance of young men and women:

1. Get married—if you can; but look before you leap. Love matches are romantic—nice things to read about—but they have brimstone in them, now and then; so says the Murrell, Esq.
2. Unite in overthrowing the fashion which translates civility into love.
3. Go to church at least once a week.
4. Whenever you see a lecture advertised, set the evening upon which it is to be delivered apart for reading fifteen pages of a good book.
5. Circulate no scandal.
6. Avoid all kinds of spirits—particularly spiritrappers.
7. If in the theater, or other public place of amusement, do not level your opera glasses at strangers.
8. Never notice the clothing of persons attending divine worship, nor stand in front of the house of God after the services.
9. Never ask another man what his business is—where he is going to—where he came from—when he left—when he intends to go back, or the number of his dollars. You may inquire as to the state of his health, and that of his parents, sisters and brothers—but venture no further.
10. Defend the innocent, help the poor, and cultivate a spirit of friendship among all your acquaintances.
11. Never speak disparagingly of women, and endeavor to conquer all your prejudices. Believe all persons to be sincere in the religion which they profess.
12. Be economical, but not parsimonious nor niggardly. Make good use of your dollars, but not idols. Live within your means, and never borrow money in anticipation of your salary.

Accident—Two Men Drowned—Narrow Escape of two others.—On Wednesday afternoon of this week, Drs. B. P. Rankin and H. C. McMurphy, in company with two other gentlemen—one named Wagner, the other a stranger whose name we did not learn—undertook to cross the Mississippi, from Appanoose to this place, in a skiff. When near midway of the river, a large body of ice near them gave way, and came in contact with such force as to demolish it instanter, precipitating the inmates into the river, with the exception of Dr. Rankin who sprang from the boat far out on the ice, which immediately broke through with him—but sustaining himself with his arms upon the large fragments of it, drew off his overcoat and threw one end of it to McMurphy, who caught it, and was drawn in this manner among the cakes of running ice, where they were enabled to keep themselves above water until help could reach them from the shore.

Mr. Wagner and the stranger, after a few ineffectual struggles to save themselves, sank beneath the turbid water to rise no more.

Drs. Rankin and McMurphy, when rescued were chilled and so overcome with exertions as to be almost insensible, and had aid come to them but a little later, they too, doubtless, would have found a watery grave.

Dr. Rankin, it will be remembered, Secretary of the State Senate, and had been on a visit during the present adjournment, to his relatives in Pontoosuc.—*Fort Madison Plaindealer.*

☞"Well, Cuffee," said a minister to his colored servants, "what were you doing in meeting this afternoon?"

"Doing massa? Taking notes," was his reply.

"You taking notes!" exclaimed the master.

"Sartin, massa; all the gentlemen take notes."

"Well let me see them," said he.

Cuffee thereupon produced his sheet of paper; and his masters found in scrawled all over with all sorts of marks and lines, as though a dozen of spiders, dipped in ink had marched over it.

"Why, this is all nonsense," said the minister, as he looked at the notes.

"Well, massa," Cuffee replied, "*I thought so all the time you was preaching.*"

The Supreme Court of California has refused naturalization papers to a Chinaman on the ground that the Chinese are not white persons within the meaning of the naturalization laws.

Last School-Law Unconstitutional.

By a recent decision of our Supreme Court the 130th section of the Common School Law of 1853, as we have before stated, has been declared unconstitutional.

That section provides that "The voters of any township shall have power at any general or special meeting to vote a tax for the purpose of building or repairing school houses, and purchasing sites therefor, providing fuel, maps, furniture, apparatus, libraries or increase thereof, or to discharge debts incurred therefore, and for continuing their schools after the *public funds* shall have been expended, to any amount not exceeding annually, fifty cents on each one hundred dollars of property, and fifty cents on each poll."

The question was raised by a tax payer, for the purpose of enjoining the collection of a tax assessed by a township by a vote of the people upon a proposition to raise fifteen cents to the one hundred dollars for School purposes. The Circuit Court granted the injunction. The County Treasurer and the Township appealed to the Supreme Court.

The latter Court, in their decision, say;

Before we proceed to the consideration of the unconstitutionality of this section, we would remark, that its phraseology seems to indicate that the Legislature did not regard the taxes to be raised by it as being of a public character; for one of the specified causes for making the assessment is "for continuing their schools after the public funds shall have been expended;" thus making a distinction between the public funds" and those contemplated by the section. It was evidently the intention of the framers of the Constitution to place the common school system under the direct control and supervision of the State, and to make it a *quasi* department, of the State government.

To control and manage this department, the Constitution provides for the election of a Superintendent of Public instruction by the popular vote, and enjoins upon the Legislature the duty of providing by law for a general and uniform system, wherein tuition is to be without charge, and open to all.—Placed in this condition, the State occupies the position of a parent to her children, whose duty it is to see that all are equally provided with means of education. For the purpose of supplying such means, the Constitution authorizes her not only to use the funds heretofore set apart for that purpose, but to compel the older brothers of the same family, by "a uniform and equal rate of assessment and taxation," to aid her in carrying out the scheme; and as the diffusion of knowledge and learning its regarded by the Constitution as essential to the preservation of free governments," it would seem but just that those who enjoy such a government, should equally assist in contributing to its preservation. The inhabitants of one county or township should not be compelled to bear greater burdens than are borne by all. Again: if the provisions of sec. 130 are to be regarded as constitutional, the uniformity of the common school system would be at once destroyed. In some townships, taxes would be assessed by vote, and in others not—in some, a sufficient amount might be raised to support their schools, six, nine, or twelve months, so that there would really exist no uniformity, either as to the time the schools should be kept, or as to the amount of the taxes to be paid by the inhabitants of the respective townships.

But the want of uniformity would not be the only evil resulting from such a construction, as the power of controlling schools would necessarily, to a great extent, pass from the State and the Superintendent, into the hands of the local authorities of the different townships. Should the Legislature pass a law for the assessment of a mere nominal tax, (a supposition not remote from probability,) the whole school system would be left to the mercy of a popular vote of the different townships, and thus all the evils of the old system, which were intended to be avoided by the new Constitution — inequality in education, inequality of taxation, lack of uniformity in schools, and a shrinking from legislative responsibilities—would be the inevitable result. It is useless to urge that the operation of sec. 130 is and might be uniform throughout the State.—The character of its provisions renders such a result impossible; and even if it should assess the same rate of taxation, the assessment would be the no less unconstitutional on account of such an accident.

It is important that every county Treasurer and Auditor should know this decision immediately. The collection of taxes is rapidly going on and litigation will be saved by making the proper corrections.

All the evils of incorrect duplicates and void tax sales are in prospect. What may be the result of this decision, we cannot fathom, aside from the effects upon the school law itself. If the principle of this decision be applied to the road law, it would seem that the tax raised for that purpose are illegal. Other township laws may be in a like situation.

Whatever may the result for the present, no doubt general laws are the best. Uniformity of enactment will secure uniform obedience and certainty of enforcement.

What Will Take the Scent out of Clothing.—Sitting on the piazza of the Cataract, was a young foppish-looking gentleman, his garments very highly scented with a mingled order of musk and cologne. A solemn-faced, odd-looking man, after passing the dandy several times, with a look of aversion which drew general notice, suddenly stopped, and in a confidential tone said:

"Stranger, I know what'll take that scent out of your clothes; you—"

"What! what do you mean, sir?" said the exquisite, "fired with indignation," starting from his chair.

"Oh get mad, now—swear, pitch round, fight—just because a man wants to do you a kindness?" coolly replied the stranger. "But I tell you I do know what'll take out that smell—phew! You just bury your clothes—bury 'em a day or two Uncle Josh got afoul of a skunk, and he—"

At this instant there went up from the crowd a simultaneous roar of merriment, and the dandy very sensibly "cleared the coop," and vanished up stairs.

Champagne will be abundant the coming season judging from this account given by the New York Post;—

"While on a visit to Ipswich, we observed that almost every man there who owns an orchard was engaged in making cider—both teetotalers, and anti-teetotallers, and barrels for the contraband juice were lying around in abundance. Those engaged in the business, who have heretofore advocated the cause of temperance, excuse themselves on account of the fruit decaying so rapidly this fall; and the sale of it is so very dull, that they are obliged to make it into cider in order to save themselves from loss. Touch a man's interest's and where are his 'isms?' Verily, this is a funny old world."

—George W. Green, a broker of Chicago, has been on trial upon charge, of murdering his wife, who died suddenly a few months ago under circumstances creating strong suspicion of having been poisoned.—The trial was very lengthy, and of absorbing interest to the citizens of the place, he being a very wealthy man. The case closed at 5 o'clock on Saturday evening last, and the jury returned a verdict of Guilty at eleven. Their finding is in accordance with public sentiment. Hanging is the punishment in that State.

Jackson Convicts and Bogus Money.—A day or two since we referred to the beautiful state of things that exist in the Jackson State Prison.—Since then a fact has come to our knowledge that will go still further than anything ever said to show not only the total absence of everything like discipline in the prison, but that there is a system of demoralization prevailing amongst the convicts, such as has not been witnessed in any other prison in the Union. We are informed upon good authority that they have actually been engaged in the manufacture of *bogus money,* within the last few weeks, and perhaps for the last few years! The money is made by the convicts and put in circulation through the agency of a man by the name of Jones, who has been in the habit of visiting the prison for that purpose.—How this business could be carried on without the knowledge of some of the officers, we leave our readers to imagine. If they did know it, they are as criminal as the convicts themselves—if they did know it, they are totally incompetent for the positions they hold. We learn that warrant was procured by Mr. Blair, the Prosecuting Attorney for Jackson county, for the arrest of Jones, as soon as the fact came to his knowledge. But he succeeded in making his escape. If the State Prison has been converted into a mint for coining bogus money, it were high time a change in its government should be made.—*Detroit Tribune.*

"A Miserable Sham."—A correspondent of the New York Tribune, writing from Washington last week, declares it as his firm conviction that "Know Nothingism at the South is a miserable sham." Right, as far as it goes; but isn't it a miserable sham" at the North, *too?* Isn't it a miserable sham" every where? Isn't its principles "a miserable sham"—its leaders a "miserable sham"—their claims to honesty of purpose a "miserable sham," and worse than all, its "fears for the supremacy of Protestantism, a "miserable sham." If it is not, in all these particulars a "miserable sham," then there never was a "sham." Said a disgusted Know Nothing to us the other day, "my experience in the order is, that every third man at least is an office-seeker. And as to the honesty of this new party, it is all pretence. There has been more knavery, more dishonesty, more corruption in its brief existence now, than can be laid at the door of both the old parties put together." And this is undoubtedly so; our friend was right. It is a "miserable sham." Under the banner of Protestantism, with "Foxe's Book of Martyrs" for a text book, it seeks to enlist the prejudices of the ignorant and bigoted against Catholicism; not because it believes Protestantism, in danger, but because its every "third man" wants office, and to get that office nothing is too sacred for its unholy hands.—*Erie Observer.*

RASCALITIES OF A BROKEN BANK.—A report of the assets of the Lewis County (N. Y.) Bank, which failed in November, has just been made. It was a safety fund concern. The New York Times says:

There was no security for its circulation, except the capital stock, and the integrity of this, if not its very existence, is gone beyond redemption, unless the firm of redeeming agents in this city, through whom, for the last two years, the whole farce of banking under a galvanized charter was conducted, shall be held to responsibility. The Cashier in Lewis county reports that he has in hand *two dollars* in specie! He values his desks and counters at one hundred dollars, and his banking house (doubtful) $100 over and above the mortgage upon it! This constitutes the sum total in Lewis county, against a circulation of $125,283, and a capital stock of $100,000. He reports in the hands of the New York agents $221,310, of which $103,860 is called bills receivable, or $100,000 of the amount, were on an insolvent drawer. A receiver has been appointed, but what he is to receive is a mystery.

☞—Among the visitors at Washington is Judge Williamson, of Texas; commonly known as the "Judge Willy" was once presiding in St. Augustine county, when a great bully attempted to intimidate him. Thompson, having succeeded in "packing a jury" to suit his purposes, turned his attention to the court, and remarked—"If your honor please here is the law which governs this case," at the same time drawing a Bowie-knife of unusual size, and laying it across and open before him. Forewarned—forearmed was Judge Willy—and drawing from beneath his hunting skirt a *horse* pistol, he very calmly rejoined. "This sir, is the constitution, and paramount to the law." Mr. Thompson acquiesced in the judgement of the court and the case proceeded without any further interruption.

DRESS.—The honorably Miss Murray, sister of a Scotch duke, and maid of honor to Queen Victoria, has been staying for some days past in New York. Miss Murray is a lady of fine person, robust health and uncommon energy of character—aged about 35 years. She has visited several of the public institutions, and been entertained by many citizens at their own houses, where her frank and cordial manners, her singular intelligence and great kindness of heart, have secured her many friends. Miss Murray, we understand, has keenly enjoyed her extended tour in this country. She appears however to have been struck with amazement at the extravagant expenditure, the *helplessness,* and the ill health of that unfortunate class of beings, the fashionable women of our cities. Miss Murray, like all the fashionable women of Europe, dresses so plainly that it probably costs her less to dress for a whole year than many a New York lady expends for half-a-dozen handkerchiefs! It is a settled thing in Europe, that extravagance in dress is *the very extreme of vulgarity* and is never indulged in, except by those whose *only* claim to distinction is their length of purse.—*Ladies Enprise.*

Hats should not be Air-Tight.—The Scientific American says that silk hats are very injurious to the heads because they are air tight. As the head of man perspires as freely as the other parts of his body, it is necessary for health that the perspiration should escape freely. When prevented from doing so, it is the cause of frequent headaches to many persons, and it is affirmed that it tends to cause early baldness, by the action of the carbonic acid and steam of perspiration upon the hair—a counterpart of the sweating process employed in some tanneries for loosening the hair of the hides.—It cannot but be unfavorable to health when perspiration is not suffered freely to escape from the head, for if the whole body of any person were encased in a perfectly air-tight covering, existence could be maintained but for a very short period. There are cases on record of death having occured in a very short period. There are cases on record of death having occurred in a very short space of time, from covering the body with an air-tight envelope.

Old Squire R. was elected Judge of the inferior court of said county in Georgia. When he got home his delighted wife exclaimed: "Now, my dear, you are judge, what am I?"

"The same darned old fool ye allers was," said the learned judge.

The New York Crystal Palace.—The liabilities of this concern are said to be in the neighborhood of $800,000, while its in the shape of the buildings, fixtures, and machinery are valued at $100,000. This latter sum, if realized, will about cancel the mortgages held by the directors for money advanced.

A high example, dedicated to the American Clergy.

"I have spoken openly to the World: I have always taught in the Synagogue, whither all the Jews resort; AND IN SECRET I HAVE SPOKEN NOTHING."—*Jesus Christ, John, xviii.*

There is such comprehensive pertinency in this grand and impressive sentiment, that we hesitate whether to regard it in the light of an invocation to liberal and public action, or as an appeal of heavenly inspiration against future intolerance. It refers undoubtedly to the past, but it may also be introduced for the present. There was a significance in the circumstances that led to this declaration. The Saviour was about to *to suffer and to die for his believe.* He was offered up as a sacrifice to a relentless religious proscription. Inflamed bigots demanded his life upon weak and wicked reasons. *They overawed the civil power,* and compelled a conviction against justice and law. *He had unconsciously offended a proscriptive and cruel order.* Mark how, before his accusers and judge, and in reply to the Roman governor. He scorns the imputation of secrecy! The cherished expedients of his foes—secrecy and intolerance—how He repudiates and rebukes them! It was in such a frame of mind that He was carried forth and crucified.

We are told that many clergymen belong to the secret order of the present day—the "Sanhedrim" where political offenders are doomed unheard, and religious opinions graduated and prescribed upon pain of disfranchisement. We know that many of them openly encourage these doctrines, and that pulpits, from which should emanate only calm counsels and peaceful precepts, are now made by fanatical clergymen to ring with the prejudices and passions of fanaticism and the threats of excited partisans. This we know, and read of daily; and it is in condemnation of such an examples that we hold up the dying words of the Saviour of man.

The history of the Saviour, apart from his direct and chief connexion with religion furnishes many sublime lessons and warning; but nowhere is his character so luminous and so grand as in his suffering for the sins of others, his toleration of different opinions, his universal charity, his welcome to the stranger, and his discouragement of all secret and clandestine proceedings, especially when these interfere with establish rights and laws. How many of our modern preacher-politicians think of this while bounding on the crusade against all who worshipped in a way that differs from their own? Will it be out of place if we introduce, for the edification of these reverend leaders, the following passages from the sermon on the Mount? We hope these teaching have not been forgotten in the new zeal of the clergy for temporal and worldly affairs:

"Blessed are the peace-makers; for they shall be called the children of God.

"Blessed are they which are persecuted for righteousness sake: for theirs is the kingdom of heaven.

"Ye are the light of the world. A city that is set on a hill cannot be hid.

"Neither do men light a candle and put it under a bushel, but on a candlestick; and it giveth light unto all that are in the house.

"Let your light so shine before men that they may see your good works, and glorify your Father in heaven."

Many incidents in the wonderful career of the Son of God, who dwelt among the lowly and the poor, and taught "peace on earth" to all mankind illustrate his adherence to these truths. Going to Jerusalem, on one occasion, he sent some of his disciples forward to a village to prepare supper and lodging. The people, however, fearing that he was going to the temple of Jerusalem, refused to afford him the necessary accommodations. This greatly offended the disciples, who applied to their Master, asking if they should not call fire from heaven to destroy such inhospitable people. He reproved the intemperate and misguided zeal of his disciples saying, "Your zeal is not of God, because it is not of God, because it is not according to knowledge." How many of our political clergy have forgotten the good Samaritan when they rail at Catholics, or rave against the people of the South, or hurl their anathemas against those who refuse to accept their ideas of Bible construction!

That there are numbers of pious and God fearing men in the ranks of the American clergy who deplore and protest against this sad prostitution of sacred functions to political purposes, we are gratified to be able to admit. They see and they feel whither it is tending and where it must end; and they know that when the teachers of religion are once fully embarked upon the sea of political polemics, the decay of national morals will mark also the approach of national dissolution. To these men the nation looks in such a crisis as the present. They have a duty to perform, at least as high as that to which they are primarily dedicated. *They must save the American people from being lost in the dangers of intolerance by recalling the American clergy to a sense of their duty to God and their country.—Washington Union.*

The Mesilla Valley Territory, which the United States purchased from Mexico, was formally taken possession of by the United States authorities, on the 15th of November. The American flag was hoisted and saluted, and Gov. Merriwether made an appropriate address to the person present. The order of Gen. Garland, proclaiming that the laws of the United States was extended over the valley, was printed in English and Spanish and extensively circulated. The southern boundary of the United States, possession in that part of the continent is the latitude of 31 deg. 52 min.

The Minie Rifle.—The Cleveland Herald is informed by an intelligent officer of the army, that the Minie Rifle ball is being adopted into our service, upon an improved plan.—Instead of a short iron tube inserted in the ball, it is to be made with a cavity, into which a portion of the charge of powder will be forced, and its explosion does the whole work of spreading the ball, so as to completely slug, or fill the rifle bore of the gun, and drive it on its mission of death. The manufacture of muskets in our armories is to be abandoned and our troops are to be armed with the improved Minie rifles, with bayonets.

White vs. Slave Labor.—The Georgetown (Kentucky) *Herald* mentions that in the principal hotel of that place, though in a slave State white females are now employed as waiters, cooks, washwomen chambermaids, &c., in preference to slaves, as decidedly cheaper, more tidy, &c. The Herald thinks that the fact that free white labor is found actually cheaper and better than slave labor, under these circumstances is an "*argumentum ad pocketum*" which will work a revolution in Kentucky and other slave States, and causing a rapid influx of free labor. We have never doubted that free labor was most profitable in the long run, and at present prices of slaves, the South must "go down."

Sensible.—Rev. Dr. Bacon, of New Haven, Conn., lately delivered a discourse of great ability with particular reference to what he considered to be the ungenerous and unchristian prejudice against foreigners which have lately exhibited itself in some parts of the country, and which he regarded as opposed to the best interest of the country and to the precepts of the Gospel.

Backing out!

A Know-Nothing organ, called the Cynosure, published at Carrollton, Ohio, has died out for want of support. The editor takes leave of the paper and the Know Nothing organization, by saying:

We have reflected carefully upon the whole subject, and availed ourself of more reliable information, and we are convinced no danger is to be anticipated (this we always held) from the usurpations of the Catholic Church more than any other religious body. * * * It is a conviction with us, which we boldly avow, the end to be gained by this society does not by any means warrant its present very exceptionable organization. But, if its secrecy could be made consistent with the object in view, its relation to the remainder of the political world has not been such as we were led to suppose it would be. In this locality, by the adroit management of persons for whom we have nevertheless a warm feeling the order was made to play only into the hands of a few factionists. This has been the result almost every where and it is now truly little more than an adjunct of whiggery. We put upon record our disclaimer forever, with the Know Nothings. This is done voluntarily. We know our duty.—We will do it—without a care for the consequence. We do not fear to confront the displeasure of any man, when we conscientiously differ with him.—We are not an aspiring machinator—we will lose nothing.

Thus slowly and surely the rotten humbug is exploding.

A ludicrous thing occurred among the Know Nothing fraternity in Washington City a few days since. One of the chief men in the establishment of the National "Organ" of the society, since become notorious for the fierceness of its sectional, proslavery and proscriptive spirit, is an Irishman named———, who has put money in his purse by pursuing the honest trade of a baker. Mac——— saw a chance of turning an honest penny in a new line, furnished the funds of setting up the organ, and constituted himself chief of the committee for managing its concerns.—Things went on very well until the receipts of funds from the slave States enabled the Organ to stand alone, and then Mac received notice of the revocation of his *exequatur.* He was shown the door of the establishment, and has not since seen the inside of it.

Carrots for Horses.—The English stable keepers are beginning to find that these vegetable form a cheap and nutritious food to mix with grain for the horses. It is better, it is said, to give a working horse a peck of carrots and four quarts of oats or corn meal a day, than to give him six quarts of meal.

Trouble Feared in the M. E. Church.—Another breach is expected in the Methodist Church. Rev. Dr. Bond, editor of the New York Christian Advocate, in noticing the opposition to the appropriations of missionary money to the preachers laboring in their slaveholding conferences, says:

"We have seen strange things in the lapse of three score years and ten, but this caps the climax of the marvelous; and though we are no prophet, nor the son of a prophet, we venture to predict that mischief is now brewing in our church—agitations convulsions, and disruptions, such as we have never witnessed before."

When General Whitfield, Indian agent, visited the Cheyanes and a few other wild tribes of Indians, to pay their annuities this fall, they informed him that the next year he must bring them one thousand white squaws, and the balance they would take in money. They prefer a white squaw to a blanket.—Sensible fellows!

New cent pieces are being issued from the Mint. They are considerably smaller than the old cent pieces, and form a really beautiful and attractive copper coin. On one side is the head of Liberty, and the thirteen stars being omitted, the surface is plain and polished. The reverse is the same design as the old cent, but brighter and much more finished. There is a certain amount of alloy mixed with the copper, and the perfection of the dey gives to the coin a finish and elegance that has never heretofore been attained in our copper coinage.

Alien Paupers and Criminals.—The Committee on Commerce in the House of Representatives have prepared, and will soon report a very important bill on the subject of alien paupers and criminals. Under the provision of this bill, it is said, no foreign passenger shall hereafter be admitted into a port of the United States unless he shall have the certificate of the American Consul of the place from which he comes, that he has not ever previous to his departure been an inmate of a jail or workhouse, and that he has not, for four years previously, been convicted of any criminal offence, except such as are designated political crimes. If any captain shall bring such persons without the required certificates, he shall be liable to fine and imprisonment. The vessel in which such persons arrive shall be subject to forfeiture.

"A King of Shreds and Patches."—A gentleman, in a private letter from the Sandwich Islands, speaking of King Kamehameha, says: "He loafs around the town of Honolulu; peeps into a tavern, and is ready to take a 'nip' with anybody that asks him. He isn't worth a 'continental,' and auctioneers won't take his bid at an auction."

Indian Robbers.—The Commissioner of Indian Affairs makes a full expose of most extensive robbery which certain parties have of late years been perpetrating upon Indian, tribes especially the Menomonees. A letter to the Cleveland Plain Dealer says.

"One of the actors in that damnable outrage upon these poor ignorant savages is a prominent member of the Baptist Church and a wheel-horse in the Whig party and served that same party in Congress some four years since. He is somewhat famous in Indiana—his own State—as a Whig stumper. This base affair with the Menomonees is only a part of a grand system of fraud which himself and others have for years been practicing upon the practicing upon the Indians in various portions of the country."

Statistics of 1854.—The New York Herald estimates the loss of property from fire in the U. States, during the past year at $25,000,000. The number of murders in the United States during the year 1854 was 682; executions, 84; 587 persons were killed by steamboat accidents, and 225 wounded, being a considerable increase over the preceding year; 10 persons died in the United States during the past year each of whom had attained 100 years of age; 186 persons have been killed on Railroads, and 589 wounded; the total number of accidents was 193; the number of lives lost by burning buildings was 171.

Extravagance.—As an indication of extravagance which has prevailed in the country for some time, an importing house in New York has written a letter stating that the amount of duties paid for French artificial flowers for the first quarter of the current fiscal year was almost double the amount of duties paid on railroad iron.

EPITAPH.

Here lies cut down like unripe fruit,
The wife of Deacon Amos Shute:
She died of drinking too much coffee,
In seventeen hundred and seventy [illegible]

Fort Wayne Sentinel.

SATURDAY, JANUARY 20, 1855.

The Dem. State Central Committee, at a meeting lately held in Indianapolis, resolved that it was inexpedient to call a Mass convention at present, as had been suggested. Judge J. W. Borden was appointed on the committee, in place of the late Jos. Sinclear, Esq.

THE LEGISLATURE.—On Monday last Charles E. Sturgis Esq. took his seat in the House, as member from Allen Co. The election of U. S. Senator has been postponed until the 22d of February. Several resolutions have been offered in both branches in relation to the Free Banking Law. A disposition evidently exists to amend the present law and strip it of its objectionable features, if the members can only agree on the best course to pursue.

Fort Wayne & Chicago Railroad.

In another column will be found a portion of the report of the Chief Engineer of this work, to which we direct attention, as affording much valuable information in relation to the condition and prospects of the road. It will be seen that these are of the most favorable nature; and though, owing to the pressure of the times, the company has been compelled partially to suspend operations, yet we rejoice to add that there is every probability that in a few weeks operations will be recommenced. We understand it is the intention of the directors to concentrate their forces on the eastern division of the work, so that each portion, as soon completed, can be put in profitable employment.

The grading of the whole line is more than half completed, and the whole of the iron purchased and paid for. A proportionably small amount of means would enable the company to finish the work in a few months.

It must be evident, from the immense travel on the Central and Southern Michigan Railroads, that this road, running nearly parallel, on better ground, as direct a route to New York, and far shorter for central and southern Ohio, Philadelphia, Pittsburgh, Baltimore, and the whole of Pennsylvania, when completed, will do a profitable business. It will also open to Philadelphia and Pittsburgh a direct connection with Chicago and the entire north-west, and do more to place the former on an equality with New York, as regards western trade and markets, than any other railroad that could be constructed. Its completion will nearly double the trade of the Ohio & Pennsylvania and Pennsylvania Central Railroads, and vastly increase the value of their stocks.

The attention of the Philadelphia and Pittsburgh capitalists has already been called to these facts, and strong hopes are entertained that they may be induced to afford some material aid to an undertaking which will do so much to enrich them and increase their commerce—and which, but for their timely assistance, may have to languish for months, or even years. Though not proverbially enterprising or quick sighted in matters of this nature, we think they cannot fail to see that in this instance their own advantage will prompt a liberal course of policy. We have therefore sanguine hopes that the means necessary will speedily be forthcoming, and that the Fort Wayne & Chicago Railroad will in a year, or 18 months at the farthest, be in profitable operation.

Ohio & Indiana Railroad.

At a meeting of the stockholders, held at Bucyrus on the 10th inst. the following were elected directors for ensuing year:—Wm. Robinson, Jr., of Pittsburgh, Pa.; S. Hanna, of Fort Wayne, Indiana; Pliny Hoagland, of Fort Wayne, Ind.; P. S. Marshall, of Bucyrus, Ohio; R. McKelly, Upper Sandusky, Ohio, T. K. Jacobs, of Lima, Ohio; D. W. Burt, of Van Wert, Ohio. Mr. Burt is elected in place of Dr. Merriman, who declined re-election. The others were all members of the old board.

The new board organized and elected S. Hanna President; J. R. Straughan Superintendent; —— Davis, Secretary and Principal Clerk; G. Quimby Treasurer.

The principal office of the railroad has been removed to Fort Wayne.

We are gratified to learn that the business and prospects of the company fully equal the most sanguine expectations of its friends. The number of passengers carried is unexpectedly large, and the amount of freight offered, tasks to the utmost the capabilities of the company for its transportation. 200 additional freight cars have been put upon the road, and more are in course of construction. A daily freight train, heavily laden, now arrives and departs regularly. The receipts of the company for the current year will reach $250,000 or $300,000.

Lectures of the Young Men's Literary Association.—In consequence of the sudden indisposition of Rev. J. Edwards, who was to have lectured on Thursday evening, J. K. EDGERTON Esq. took his place, and delivered an exceedingly eloquent and interesting lecture on Socrates, giving a vivid picture of Athens in its palmiest days; its philosophers and philosophy; Socrates,—his habits and appearance, his industrious search after and dissemination of knowledge and truth, &c&c. It was truly an elegant and chaste production, and stamps its author as a lecturer of great power and eloquence.

Unless notice to the contrary is given, Rev. Mr. EDWARDS will lecture on Monday evening on the "Aspects of Society."

The celebrated oriental traveller, poet, and author, BAYARD TAYLOR, will give a lecture on Saturday evening next, Jan. 27th, on "Japan;" and on Monday, the 29th, on "The Philosophy of Travel." From the great fame of this gentleman, his popularity as a lecturer, and the interest felt on the subject of Japan, of which so little has hitherto been known, we anticipate for him a crowded house.

THE LATE MURDER.—We understand that Madden has confessed that he struck the fatal blows which deprived Mr. Dunbar of life. He as well as his companions in guilt, Romine and Keefer, are said to be very much depressed in spirits, and begin to realize the awful condition in which they have placed themselves. Truly the way of the transgressor is hard.

Mr. Dunbar was last a resident of Mahoning Co, Ohio, and has not resided in Mount Vernon for a number of years past. In our account of the murder we described him as from the latter place, which has led some of our Ohio exchanges into error in supposing him to be a gentleman of the same name, now living in that place.

MISSOURI.—They have some trouble in electing an U. S. Senator in this state. On the 17th ballott the votes stood—Doniphan (whig) 58; Atchison (dem.) 56; Benton 31. No choice.

Resignation of Mr. Soule.—Mr. Soule has resigned his mission to Spain and will return home Hon. J. C. Breckenridge of Kentucky has been nominated as his successor.

U. S. SENATORS.—Hon. David L. Yulee, democrat, is elected Senator from Florida, in place of Morton, whig, whose term expires on the 4th March next.

REV JAMES HARLAN, fusionist, is elected in Iowa, in place of Gen. Dodge, democrat.

Death of a Senator.—Hon. Moses Norris, U. S. Senator from New Hampshire, died in Washington City, on Thursday the 11th inst. of disease of the heart. New Hampshire is now without a Senator in Congress, one vacancy having previously existed in consequence of the sudden death of Mr. Atherton.

Death of Wilson S. Hoagland Esq.

We regret to have to announce that this amiable and worthy young man is no more! He died at Millersburgh, Holmes Co. Ohio, on Friday, the 12th inst, aged 25 years and 6 months.

The deceased resided amongst us about five years, and had secured, by his gentlemanly deportment and amiability of disposition, many warm friends, to whom the news of his death, though not unexpected, will be sad tidings. For the past two years his health had been failing—that insidious complaint, consumption, had fastened upon him. Last winter he visited the South, and felt some relief from the genial climate. On his return, he was nominated by the democrats of Allen Co. to represent them in the Legislature, and triumphantly elected. The excitement of the canvass appeared to rally his energies, but he subsequently sunk under his growing malady. He returned to the place of his birth, and there among his friends calmly surrendered his spirit to his Maker.

His father died while he was young, leaving a widow and five children, of whom the deceased was the eldest. For some years he assisted his mother in the management of the farm and support of the younger children. He afterwards studied law under Hon. Moses Hoagland, his uncle. In 1850 he was admitted to the bar, and shortly afterwards settled here. Had his life been spared, a brilliant future undoubtedly would have been his lot. His talents and popularity would have secured him an exalted position among his fellow-citizens. But he has fallen on the very threshold of life—in his early manhood! Peace to his remains!

Ohio Democratic State Convention.—The Democrats of Ohio held a Convention at Columbus on the 8th inst, and made nominations for State officers. Gov. Medill was re-nominated for Governor, James Myers, of Lucas county, was nominated for Lieut. Governor; Judge Kennon, of Belmont, Supreme Judge, and R. B. Warden for the unexpired term of Judge Caldwell; Mr. Morgan for Auditor; J. G. Breslin, for Treasurer of State; Wm. Trevitt, Secretary of State; Col. M'Cook, Attorney General; Mr. Steedman, of Lucas, for member of the Board of Public works.

Resolutions were adopted endorsing the Baltimore Platform, condemning Know Nothingism, and defining the democratic position in relation to the true policy of the country in encouraging foreign emigration.

The convention was numerously attended, and its proceedings marked with great unanimity.

A good Time coming! Sanford's far-famed New Orleans Opera Troupe will be here on Tuesday, January 30th, and purpose giving a series of operatic entertainments, at Colerick's Hall. This troupe has long been considered the best of that class in the United States, and enjoys an enviable reputation as musicians, comedians, and humorists. The lovers of music and fun have a rich treat in store.

THE STATE SENTINEL.—Oliver B. Torbet Esq. has withdrawn from his position as editor of this sterling democratic sheet to enter the practice of law. He is succeeded temporarily by George P. Buell, Esq. Mr. Torbet is an able writer and true democrat, and has done much to give the State Sentinel its present popularity. Mr. Buell is favorably known to the public as editor of the Western Dem. Review.

The State Sentinel has been sold to Messrs. John C. Walker and C. W. Cottom, of the Laporte Times. It will pass into their hands on the 1st March next, when its name will be changed to the "Indiana Times." Both the daily and weekly will be enlarged, and such other improvements made as to render the paper worthy the support of the democracy of the state. From our acquaintance with them as editors of the Laporte Times, we feel no hesitation in cordially recommending them to the public, and wish them abundant success in their new undertaking.

Humanity in the City:—A Series of Discourses, by E. H. CHAPIN. Published by De Witt & Davenport, New York. Handsomely bound, with an excellent portrait of the author. Price $1 00.

The discourses are upon—

The Lessons of the Street.
Man and Machinery.
The Strife for Precedence.
The Symbols of the Republic.
The Springs of Social Life.
The Allies of the Tempter.
The Children of the Poor.
The Help of Religion.

These practical discourses by this eminent divine, speak not only to the hearts and consciences of men, with a vigor and power not to be misunderstood, but are also clothed in such chaste and elegant language as to be most valuable as contributions to our highest order of literature. The book is elegantly printed on beautiful paper, well bound, and will make not only a useful but a choice present.

For sale at HILL's Book Store.

THE BOSTON Post states that some important changes in the government of the Methodist Episcopal Church are now being agitated.—Among others, that the general conference shall be composed of an equal number of clerical and lay members; the annual conferences to be reduced to a practicable and convenient size; the presiding elders to hold semi-annual conferences; and the preachers to be re-appointed for four years successively to the same place if desired.

☞ If to these should be added an obligation to the preachers to "preach Christ and him crucified," and eschewing politics, nebraska-ism, niggerism, and fusionism, confine themselves, while in the pulpit, to the gospel and the spread of the glad tidings of salvation, there would be a decided improvement on the present practice of that church. By driving out many of the ambitious, meddlesome, hypocritical demagogues who now fill their pulpits, and supplying their place with christians, much good might be effected; a reproach wiped from the church: and its vital piety and usefulness greatly increased. As the friend of religion we go in for these reforms.

BALLOU'S PICTORIAL—*late Gleason's*.—The new volume of this popular illustrated work commences under favorable auspices, and bids fair to exceed its predecessors. Mr. Ballou, who has been its editor for some years, having now become its proprietor, has changed its title from Gleason's Pictorial to Ballou's. *He* has engaged the services of the well-known Francis A. Durivage as assistant editor, procured paper of a better quality than heretofore engaged additional artists to execute his engravings, and shows a determination to make his Pictorial eminently worthy the liberal patronage it receives.

It is published weekly by M. M. BALLOU, Boston, at $3.00 per annum. We have raised a club, and can furnish it for $2 50.

Indiana Free Bank Agency.

INDIANAPOLIS, IND., *January 8, A. D.* 1855.

The late Convention of the specie paying Free Banks, held in this city on the 4th day of January, unanimously passed the following resolutions.

Resolved, That a committee of three be appointed to classify the suspended free banks, and that the banks of this Association will take their issues at a fair price but will not pay them out.

2. That an agency be established at Indianapolis to which we will remit said uncurrent notes.

3. That said agency shall convert the same into bonds to be sold on joint account, or disposed of as directed by the party making the remittance.

4. That if any suspended banks refuses to permit the delivery of her bonds on surrender of her notes, said agent shall cause said notes to be protested, and the bonds to be sold as speedily as the law will permit.

The undersigned have been selected and accepted the agency contemplated in the above resolutions, and have taken room, second floor, Temperance Hall, in which to transact such business.

The necessary books, forms and circulars are now being prepared, and by Saturday, January 13th, the agency will be ready to go into operation. Parties at a distance may remit at once.

The agents intend faithfully to carry out the wishes of the Convention, to-wit: To remove from circulation all suspended and broken bank paper and to supply its place with good, solvent, specie paying currency, to facilitate the latter the agency contemplates, at as early a day as possible, to check on New York for all specie paying, free Bank paper at satisfactory rates.

W. C. DePAUW,
J. D. DEFREES.

Classification of Indiana Free Banks, made by Committee of Indianapolis Convention of January 3d, 1855.

CLASS No. I.

No. 13.	Bank of Indiana	Michigan City
14.	Brookville Bank	Brookville.
15.	Bank of Syracuse	Syracuse.
17.	Bank of Elkhart	Elkhart.
18.	Bank of Rockville	Rockville.
19.	Bank of Goshen	Goshen.
20.	Bank of Mt. Vernon	Mt. Vernon.
22.	Bank of Salem	Salem.
23.	Bank of the Capitol	Indianapolis.
25.	Bank of Warsaw	Warsaw.
21.	Bank of Monticello	Monticello.
—	Bank of Paoli	Paoli.
28.	Canal Bank of Evansville	Evansville.
29.	Crescent City Bank	"
30.	Cambridge City Bank	Cambridge City.
31.	Central Bank	Indianapolis.
34.	Fayette County Bank	Connersville.
37.	Farmer's Bank	Westfield.
38.	Farmers' and Mechanics' Bank	Indianapolis.
41.	Gramercy Bank	Lafayette.
44.	Hoosier Bank	Logansport.
47.	Indiana Bank	Madison.
48.	Indiana Stock Bank	Laporte.
49.	Kentucky Stock Bank	Columbus.
50.	Kalamazoo Bank	Albion.
51.	Lagrange Bank	Lima.
52.	Laurel Bank	Laurel.
54.	Merchants' and Mechanics' Bank	New Albany.
64.	N. York & Va. State Stock Bank	Evansville.
65.	Prairie City Bank	Terre Haute.
70.	Southern Bank	"
72.	Salem Bank	Salem.
76.	Savings Bank of Indiana	Connersville.
77.	Traders' Bank	Indianapolis.

CLASS No. II.

No. —.	Agricultural Bank	Mt. Sterling.
4.	Bank of Fort Wayne	Fort Wayne.
9.	Bank of Rockport	Rockport.
10.	Bank of South Bend	Southport.
11.	Bank of Perrysville	Perrysville.
32.	Delaware County Bank	Muncie.
35.	Elkhart County Bank	Goshen.
42.	Great Western Bank	Terre Haute.
45.	Huntington County Bank	Huntington.
46.	Indian Reserve Bank	Kokomo.
59.	North Western Bank	Bloomfield.
60.	New York Stock Bank	Vincennes.
72.	Tippecanoe Bank	Winamac.
81.	Upper Wabash Bank	Wabash.
83.	Wayne Bank	Logansport.
84.	Wayne Bank	Richmond.
85.	Wabash River Bank	Jasper.
87.	Wabash River Bank	Newville
88.	Wabash River Bank	NewCorydon.

CLASS No. III.

No. 1.	Atlantic Bank	Jackson.
12.	Bank of Albion	Albion
7.	Bank of Rensselaer	Rensselaer.
26.	Bank of Covington	Covington.
27.	Bank of Rochester	Rochester.
—.	Farmers' and Mechanics' Bank	Rensselaer.
39.	Farmers' Bank	Jasper.
73.	Steuben County Bank	Angola.
74.	State Stock Bank	Marion.
75.	State Stock Bank	Jamestown.
68.	Shawnee Bank	Attica.
81.	Wabash Valley Bank	Logansport.

CLASS No. IV.

No. 2.	Bank of Attica	Attica.
4.	Bank of North America	Newport.
5.	Bank of Bridgeport	Bridgeport.
6.	Bank of Connersville	Connersville.
8.	Bank of T. Wadsworth	Michigan City.
16.	Bank of America	Moore o
21.	Bank of Auburn	Auburn.
24.	Bank of Albany	New Albany.
31.	Drovers Bank of Rome	Rome.
34.	Exchange Bank (no name)	Greencastle.
41.	Gov't Stock Bank	Lafayette.
43.	Green County Bank	Bloomfield.
50.	Merchants' Bank	Lafayette.
55.	Mishawaka Bank (reissue)	Mishawaka.
—.	Merchants' Bank	Springfield.
57.	Marshall County Bank	Plymouth.
61.	Northern Ia Bank	Logansport.
62.	Orange Bank	Paoli.
63.	Public Stock Bank	Newport.
81.	Perry County Bank	Cannelton.
66.	People's Bank	Lima.
67.	Plymouth Bank	Plymouth.
68.	State Stock Bank	Logansport.
69.	State Stock Bank	Peru.
71.	State Stock Security Bank	Newport.
—.	Steuben County Bank	Rome
72.	Traders' Bank	Nashville.
80.	Traders' Bank	Terre Haute.
85.	Western Bank	Plymouth.

NOTE.—Class No. 1 includes the Association of specie-paying Banks.

Classes Nos. 2, 3 & 4, comprise all the other Free Banks of the State, and are classed as near as practicable, according to the present value of the Stocks on the several banks deposited with the Auditor.

☞ The marginal numbers have reference to the No. of each Bank in the Auditor's Report.

☞ Since the above was issued, the *Kalamazoo Bank, at Albion*, is reported to have failed.

In Indianapolis, the First Class Banks are quoted at par; Second Class at 90 cents; and Third and Fourth Class at 75 cents on the dollar.

More New Counterfeits.—We extract from *Bicknells Reporter* the following list of new counterfeits.

Buckingham Bank, Portsmouth, N. H., 20's altered from 1's. Vignette State Capitol.

Mechanics' Bank, Williamsburg N. Y. 5's & 10's altered from 1's. Vignette, sailor steering a vessel.

Bank of Bath, Bath, N. Y. 5's 10's and 20's altered from 1's. Vignette, interior of a blacksmith shop.

Mechanics & Traders Bank. Jersey City. 10's spurious, Vignette, female figure, one arm resting on a sheaf of wheat—female figure on each end, not countersigned by Register.—Wellston, Hanson & co.

Farmers & Mechanic Bank, Easton 5's spurious. Vignette, Arms of State Penna.—On left end medallion; on right end, female figure.

Merchants' Bank, Burlington, Vt. 5's spurious. Vignette, two females. Miserably executed.

Fort Wayne & Chicago Railroad.

REPORT OF THE CHIEF ENGINEER.

The entire road, with the track laid and prepared for through business, with partial ballasting, is estimated to cost $2,638,218, including right of way and depot grounds, with commissions, exchange, insurance, and all other expenses connected with the purchase and delivery of iron rails. With full equipment, depot buildings, ballasting and fencing, it is estimated to cost $3,143,148, averaging $21,381 per mile. (See estimate in detail appended.)

The right of way for the whole route has been arranged, as far west as the vicinity of Chicago, and, with one exception inconsiderable in amount, has been paid for. Thence to our proposed depot grounds, near the heart of the city, a large proportion has been settled and paid. Ample grounds have been purchased for the outer depot, affording a favorable connection with the lake and canal commerce. At Fort Wayne, and all important points intermediate, depot grounds have been procured.

On the entire line to Chicago, the labor of grading, and the delivery of cross-ties, is about two-fifths performed.

The iron rails purchased are of the common pattern of heavy T rail, weighing 60 lbs. to the yard. The estimates and plans are all made with a view to a first class road, in all respects. The physical characteristics of the road are most favorable. They may be stated briefly as follows:

Total length, 147 miles, of which 111 miles are straight line, and but three miles of curved line; shortest radius of curvature, 3,820 ft.; total deflection is but 207 degrees; total ascent, going west, 697 ft.; total ascent, going east, 889 ft.; maximum grade, 26.4 ft. per mile. The formation of the country is favorable for good drainage, and excellent gravel for ballasting is found on the line of the road. The avoidance of large water-courses cheapens the route, both in construction and repairs; only 1,100 feet of truss bridging is required on the whole road.

The directness of the route, for all practical purposes a straight line, from the southern band of the lake to Fort Wayne, removes all apprehension of "cut offs," and guards against any necessity for making branch roads.

From these features it will be noticed, that in all the elements favoring the highest rate of speed and the greatest freedom from accidents, this route is not surpassed, if, indeed, it be equalled, by any other of the same length, even on the level plains of the West.

The same favorable characteristics as to grades and curvature continue by this route in its extension eastward. From Chicago to Wooster, 335 miles, or to Cleveland, 353 miles, no grade occurs higher than 26.4 ft. per mile, excepting one 30 ft. grade descending to the Cleveland depot. Between Chicago and Crestline, 278 miles, there is but 64 miles of curved line, and thence to Cleveland the alligument is alike favorable.

* * * * * *

The Fort Wayne and Chicago Road has not been projected as a rival to the two eastern roads already in operation, but had its origin in the conviction that from a point like Chicago, with its concentration of business, these three roads would be fully sustained, and were actually needed. It is the natural extension of the Pennsylvania chain of roads to the northwest, and is now the only link wanting, but 147 miles—the Ohio & Indiana Road being completed to Fort Wayne—to open the direct Railway communication between Philadelphia and the Mississippi, at rock Island, Galena, Burlington and Alton.

But while its relations are more directly with Philadelphia and Pittsburgh, a connection is at the same time formed by this route between Chicago and New York, fifty miles shorter than by any other. The distance from Chicago to New York by the three roads is as follows:

By Southern Michigan Road, as now run, through Toledo to Dunkirk, and thence by Erie Road, 967 miles, or after the opening of the air line from Goshen to Toledo, 956 miles.

By Michigan Central Road through Canada, and thence by New York Central and Hudson River Roads, 920 miles.

By Fort Wayne and Chicago Road, through Fort Wayne, Pittsburgh and Philadelphia, 906 miles.

Another eastern outlet has been commenced from Crestline to New York, via the Franklin and Warren, Venango and Sunbury and Erie Railroads; and still another from Fort Wayne through Tiffin and the Clinton line both of which claim to lessen the distance to that city very materially, even over the Philadelphia route. Should these roads be completed, or either of them, the Fort Wayne and Chicago Road will be in a position to avail itself of the advantage, thus maintaining superiority as to distance, under any circumstances.

As a through route from Chicago to Cleveland or Dunkirk, your road, in connection with the Ohio and Indiana, and the eastern section of the Cleveland and Columbus Road, may claim the advantage over any other. It is a trifle shorter than by the Southern Michigan, as now run, and but eight or ten miles longer, after the opening of the air line from Goshen to Toledo, which is compensated by its remarkable exemption from curvature. The routes being thus equal as respects running time, for which conclusion we have the highest railroad authority, the advantage of an uniform gauge (4 ft. 10 in.) from Chicago to Cleveland, Dunkirk and Buffalo, which for freight is important, will give to the Fort Wayne route the preference.

This comparison of distance is by the Norwalk route—the small saving of distance by the junction road being overcome, as is supposed, by the want of connection at Cleveland.

Comparing distances from Chicago to Albany and Boston by Michigan Central Road through Canada, with the Fort Wayne and Chicago road, by Cleveland and Buffalo, we find the former 17 miles shorter. But engineers have heretofore estimated the ferriage of Detroit river as equivalent to 20 miles distance, and the probable detention by breaking up long trains of the Niagara Suspension Bridge as equal to 10 miles, which gives advantage to the Fort Wayne and Cleveland route by 13 miles, to say nothing of the general preference for the American side of the Lake.

With this prospect of sharing liberally in the travel to New York City, and in the travel and freights passing over the New York Central and the Erie Roads, your line, beyond dispute, will present the natural and shortest route to Pittsburg, Philadelphia, Baltimore and Washington city, and for all Pennsylvania and Central and Southern Ohio.

An inspection of the map will confirm and illustrate these conclusions, as to the advantage of the Fort Wayne and Chicago Road in connection with the Ohio and Indiana Road as a through line to the East. The important fact bearing upon the question is this, that while the general direction from Chicago to Crestline is so far south as to control the travel and traffic to the southeast, it yet does not bear so far south of Lake Erie as to prevent its receiving an equal proportion with the other lines of the business emanating from the more northern cities, such as Boston, New York, Albany, Buffalo and Cleveland.

From local and way business, the Fort Wayne and Chicago Road will be favorably situated. It traverses six counties in Indiana, touching the county town of each, with one exception; thus subserving the interests and securing the support of the entire people. Excepting around the head of the lake, it is far enough removed from the Northern Indiana Road, on the one hand, and the Wabash Valley Road on the other, to secure ample local support. The route is through the heart of Northern Indiana, a portion of the West widely known for fertility and productiveness, especially in the great staple of wheat.

At Fort Wayne we intersect also, the Toledo, Wabash and St Louis Railroad, to be opened in a few months as far west as that point. The Wabash and Erie canal is also crossed at Fort Wayne which, by its cheap transportation of heavy products, will draw over our road the trade of a large portion of Northern Indiana. Three other railroads have been commenced, diverging from Fort Wayne in a southern direction, towards Dayton, Cincinnati and Louisville, and also one running due east, through Tiffin; all or either of which, if finished, will contribute to our business. At Plymouth, 64 miles west of Fort Wayne, we cross the proposed road from Laporte, on the Southern Michigan Railroad, to Peru, on the Wabash and Erie canal. Ninety-five miles west from Fort Wayne, the New Albany and Salem Road is crossed—a finished work, connecting our line with Michigan city, on the Michigan Central Road, and with Lafayette on the Wabash. About 27 miles east of Chicago, our road is intersected by the one running from Joliet, on the Rock Island Road, to the Michigan Central Road, commonly called the "cent off."

The probable intersection of the Cincinnati, Logansport and Chicago Railroad with the Fort Wayne and Chicago Road at Valparaiso, 424 miles east of Chicago, may be referred to as a feature of interest of both roads. The Cincinnati Road will not be materially lengthened, while no detention of passengers need occur—the gauge being the same.

(The report here gives a statement of the earnings of the Southern Michigan, Michigan Central, Galena, & Chicago, and Chicago & Rock Island Railroads—and concludes:—)

Your road, in its direction, its characteristics and its business, resembles more the Southern Michigan than any other work, and its earnings, in proportion to length, cannot be materially less. Considering the fact that on the latter work there are branches which go to reduce the average per mile, and allowing also for the general advance of the country in the four years that will have intervened, it must be quite safe to estimate the gross receipts per mile, the second year after opening, at seven-eights of the second year's receipts on the Southern Michigan Road, or say $5,500 per mile, giving a total gross receipt of $808,500
Deduct running expenses, 50 per cent.. 404,250

Net earnings..........$404,250
Deduct, also, to be set apart as a yearly sinking fund..........$382,250

Leaving for interest on bonds and for dividends..........$382,250

which is sufficient to meet the interest, at 7 per cent, on 1,750,000 bonds, should the Board see proper to issue bonds to that extent, and pay a dividend of a fraction less than 15 per cent. on $1,750,000 stock.

It will be observed that the average per mile assumed as a basis for the estimate of gross income for the second year, is materially less than has actually been received on either of the four Chicago roads referred to; and yet it is difficult to perceive why the Fort Wayne and Chicago Road may not be as productive as either of the others, considering all its bearing and connections.

Fort Wayne and Chicago Railroad.—We give in another column, the report of the Chief Engineer of this road, J. L. Williams, Esq., who states very lucidly, and we think very correctly, the route, objects, connections, and prospective value of the above work. We believe his statements may be implicitly relied on. He has, for more than 20 years, been a resident of Indiana, and for many years Chief Engineer of the Wabash and Erie Canal, a position which he still holds, and in which he has earned the reputation of a skillful engineer, a man of sound judgment, and of accomplishing work in the most judicious and economical manner.

The total length of the road is 147 miles. The total cost, covering a full equipment, is estimated at $3,143,148, or 21,381 per mile. The stock subscription obtained amounts to $1,625,393, of which $1,205,768 have been paid. Further subscriptions to the extent of about $400,000, are expected from Philadelphia, Pittsburgh, Chicago, and from parties on the line of the road. The total amount expended on the work up to 1st of November, 1854, was $1,100,000. The company have made an issue of mortgage bonds to the amount of $1,250,000, about one-half of which have been sold.

The line of the road is a very important one, as has been shown in the report referred to. We can assure all interested that the road will be built in a most faithful and economical manner, and we can see no reason why it should not prove an excellent investment. It must form the great artery between Central Ohio and the roads entering it from the East, (among which are the great Philadelphia and Baltimore lines,) and Chicago. For the greater part of the distance, it traverses an excellent agricultural section, which must supply the usual amount of local business. The work is in competent and efficient hands, and will be vigorously pushed forward, even in these times, to completion.—*Am. Railroad Journal.*

K. N. Lyrics.

A correspondent of the Pittsburgh Dispatch has perpetrated the following exquisite lines on the late know nothing defeat in that city of smoke. They are equally appliable to this meridian, where the K. N's (Cayenne) "had a *kerflummux*" equal to their Pittsburgh friends.

The Cayennes are whipped!
Oh! their "victory" lost!
And to Salt River they're shipped
In the height of their boast!

And there they'll remain
While their "proscriptive" souls
Are preserved,—and their "gain"
Is swept from the polls!

Oh, Cayennes! oh, Cayennes!
To salt River you go
And, in spite of wise sayin's
You're in *statu quo!*

You bragged and you boasted,
And spread out your stomachs!
But "Proscription" is wasted,
And has had a "kerflummux!"

Legislative Summary.

Thursday 11.—SENATE.—Joint resolution for the improvement of the harbor at Michigan city; bills to prevent the further issue of bank bills; to authorize high schools, academies, colleges and universities to consolidate their stock; to amend the act for the incorporation of towns; to repeal the license law; to regulate descendents estate; to authorize administrators to sell real estate under orders of sale procured by his predecessor; to repeal the law to prevent railroad companies from changing their depots; to authorize administrators to pay claims against descendents estates without an order from court, were introduced, and read the first time.

In the afternoon, the address of J. A. Burbank, before the State Board of Agriculture on the 5th inst., was ordered to be printed for the use of the Senate. Bills concerning deeds of assignment by preferred debtors; to adjust Gibson seminary township claim, and amend a law in regard to stretching nets across creeks, &c., entering into the Ohio river, were introduced and read the first time. Orders of the day passed, files cleared, and the Senate nothing to do but adjourn.

HOUSE.—*Petitions Presented.*—To protect the Sabbath from desecration and one from the Society of friends, convened at a yearly meeting at White Water, on the subject of temperance.

REPORTS.—A report was made against further legislature to compel debtors to give under oath, a list of their money, property, rights, &c.; concurred in. Also, one against the expediency of further legislation against secret societies, laid on the table. A bill reported to abolish the 7th judicial circuit, and to create a new one. The object being to remove the present judge of that circuit, a lengthy debate ensued. The bill was ordered to be engrossed.

RESOLUTIONS.—Were introduced directing the Auditor to report what amount of deposited free bank stocks he had re-transferred; to ascertain and report what is the annual expenditures of counties on account of courts of common pleas; to more effectually compel commissioners to keep their bridges in repair; to reduce swamp lands to 75 cents per acre; to allow a salary of $00 to circuit court prosecutors; relative to the building of bridges out of the county treasury; to modify the stature of descent; to repeal the free banking act, and to charter banks mutually responsible; all of which were adopted.

Monday Jan. 15.—SENATE.—A communication from the Auditor of State, giving a statement of the amount of Free Bank issues since his last report, together with the reports of the Branches of the State Bank at Bedford and Indianapolis, were laid before the Senate. A motion to go into the election of U. S. Senator on Monday next, gave rise to some discussion, and the further consideration of the subject was finally postponed until the 22d of February. Several bills were introduced and passed to their second reading. A bill fixing the time of holding Courts in the 8th Judicial Circuit, was, on suspension of the rules, read a second and third time, and passed.

In the afternoon a memorial from the Society of Friends in England, on the subject of Slavery, was referred to the Committee on Federal Relations. The resolution as to allowing 10 per cent. interest when so stipulated in contracts, was reported back, with a bill, from the Judiciary Committee, recommending its passage.

HOUSE.—On suspension of the rules, Senate Bill No. 25, fixing the time of holding Courts in the 8th Judicial Circuit, was read a second and third time, and passed. The Committee on Agriculture reported that further legislation on the subject of sheepkilling dogs was unnecessary; also, that it was expedient to appropriate $3,000 for the Geological Survey of the State, both of which were concurred in. Considerable discussion arose on the introduction of a resolution to regulate the securities of the Free Banks. It was finally laid on the table.

Foreign News by the Baltic.

NEW YORK, Jan. 11.

The Collins steamer Baltic, Captain Comstock, arrived this afternoon. She sailed from Liverpool on the 23d of December, and therefore brings seven days later intelligence from England all parts of Europe.

The news from the Crimea is not of an important character.

The cotton market remains without change; the sales for the week amount to 30,000 bales.

Breadstuffs steady at former quotations. Corn active.

Consols closed at 91½.

Among the passengers by the Baltic are Commodore Perry and two special bearers of despatches from St. Petersburgh.

The steamer Sarah Sands, about whose safety some fears were entertained, had put into Cork for repairs.

Sixteen hundred French troops had embarked at Marseille, on board the steamer Arabia, for the Crimea

The Emperor Napoleon has asked a loan of five hundred millions of francs

The Prussian special mission to England has resulted in no important action.

From the Seat of war.—Despatches have been received at St. Petersburgh from Menschikoff of as late a date as December 20th.

Nothing of an important character has transpired since last accounts. The weather continues very bad. The Russians annoy the allies considerably with their attacks, but the latter are rapidly receiving reinforcements. Up to the 18th of December twenty thousand men had arrived.

It is reported that the storming of Sebastopol will commence on the arrival of the Turkish reinforcements.

The French will storm the works, while the English and Turks will attack Menschikoff.

The Russians have taken their guns out of the Baltic fleet, and brought them to Sebastopol.

Two Russian vessels-of-war attacked a French steamer near Sebastopol. An English frigate coming to her relief, the former retreated.

The Russian bulletins generally claim important advantages over the besiegers.

The Turkish troops at Kars are hard pressed by the enemy.

Both the allies and the Russians are fully prepared for another pitched battle.

The third parallel before Sebastopol has been established, upon which the French have mounted guns.

Thirty thousand Turks, with a division of French and English artillery, are about to seize Perekop and fortify lines there.

It is rumored that the Russians made a sortie from Sebastopol on the 12th, but were repulsed with the loss of seven hundred killed and eleven hundred prisoners.

Opening of the French chambers.—The French Chambers were opened on the 26th. The Emperor, in his speech on the opening, eulogizes the victories (!) of the French in the Black and Baltic seas and in the Crimea. Thanks are returned to the British Parliament for its cordial co-operation. The Emperor asks for a levy of one hundred and forty thousand men.

The speeches in the chambers were of a very warlike character. The budget shows a deficiency of eighty millions of francs.

Important from Spain.—The Spanish Cortez were discussing the proposition for the sale of Cuba. Mr. Soule, the American minister, was present during the discussion.

The Spanish government declines raising an army to send to the Crimea to assist the allies; also declines the proposition of Mr. Soule to join in the treaty with Russia, which recognises the principle that the flag protects the goods.

Miscellaneous.—At a conference held at Vienna between the representatives of the three allies, notes were interchanged defining the sense in which their respective cabinets understood the four points heretofore proposed to Russia. Gortschakoff asked time in order to obtain instructions from his government.

Private advices from London state that the course of the diplomats favors the probability of a speedy termination of the war.

Austria, it is thought, will soon assume an offensive attitude, and bring over all Germany to her views; and the people will force their governments to accept the propositions of the allies.

The British Parliament has adjourned, after passing the bill for the enlistment of foreign soldiers.

Washington City, Jan. 4.—*Senate*—Mr. Sumner presented a memorial from the citizens of Massachusetts, setting forth the evils resulting from emigrants, and particularly from Roman Catholics, and asking Congress for a head tax of not less than $250 on each foreigner arriving in this country. Referred to the Committee on the Judiciary.

On motion of Mr. Gwinn, the bill containing the California Land Commission, which passed the House yesterday, was taken up and passed without debate.

Mr. Brodhead's Bounty Land Bill was taken up and discussed

House—After transacting some unimportant business, the House adjourned.

WASHINGTON, Jan 10.

SENATE.—Mr. Fish gave notice that to-morrow he would offer a bill providing for the establishment of a Custom House and Post Office at Plattsburg.

Mr. Broadhead from the committee on naval affairs, reported in favor of sending one or more vessels to the relief of Dr. Kane.

Mr. Sumner presented a memorial in opposition to the appointment of Military men to civil positions.

The Judiciary Refrin Bill was then taken up; the question being on Mr. Clayton's amendment to dispense with circuit service of the Judges of the Supreme Court, and the reduction of the number of said Judges to six.

HOUSE.—Mr. Wells presented memorials from officers of the army for remuneration for losses sustained by the disaster to the Winfield Scott.

The Bounty Land Bill was taken up, with Mr. Dawson's amendment, incorporating the Homestead principle, and fixing the price of land 14c per acre to actual settlers; confining the benefits of the bill to native born or foreigners naturalized, or who may have signified their intention to become citizens of the United States before the passage of the bill. After some debate Mr. Dawson's amendment was rejected yeas 73, nays 92; the bill was then rejected, yeas 68, nays 68, nays 95.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 11.

SENATE.—Mr. Fish's bill for the establishment of a Custom House at Pittsburgh, was referred to the committee on commerce.

Mr. Rush moved that the Pacific Railroad bill be printed and referred to a special committee; agreed.

Mr. Badger moved to take up bill for increase of compensation to Congressmen and United States Judges.

Mr. Shields obtained indulgence to bring in a bill authorizing the sale of the Rock Island Railroad, and for other purposes. Mr. Badger renewed his motion to make up the compensation bill.

Mr. Broadhead urged that the Bounty Land Bill should take the precedence.

HOUSE.—Mr. Giddings, of Newbraska, introduced a bill for the establishment of a Post Route, for the protection of property of towns, and for the survey and settlement of the half breed tribes in that Territory. The House then took up the bill to model the diplomatic and consular system of the United States.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 12.

HOUSE.—A message was received from the Senate, announcing the death of Mr. Norris. Morrison and Bailey eulogized the deceased. Messrs. Morrison, Chandler and Bailey, were appointed a committee to act with that of the Senate to accompany the remains to New Hampshire. The customary resolutions were passed, and House adjourned.

In the Senate, Mr. Toucey announced the death of Senator Norris, and delivered an appropriate eulogy.

For two days, the Physicians considered Senator Norris improving, he was thought to be much better yesterday noon, soon after 12 o'clock in the night, however he was seized with spasms and expired.

The Senate confirmed to-day, the following appointments: Henry P. Whalen, as Collector of the port of Dunkirk; Samuel Dexter, of Medina, as Marshal of Kansas Territory, and W. H. Harris, as District Attorney of Oregon.

Senatorial Election.

We do not know what arrangements the Fusionists have made in regard to this matter. They have the question in their own hands, and we understand their reason for refusing some time since to go into an election was the fact that certain distinguished aspirants had not calculated mathematically the extent to which they would be favored by that mystic individual "Sam." Only one thing is definitely settled, that is, that any man who will not consent to surrender his individual properties, submit to the decision of a Jacobin cabal, subscribe to its diabolical oath, and, in addition, pledge his support to a Bank of the United States and a Tariff high enough to rob the poor and feed the rich, may just as well pay his bill at the hotel, settle with his attorneys who have prosecuted his *official* claims, and set his face toward the Wabash or the Ohio. The Fusionists are evidently in trouble; even the cohesive power of public plunder seems to have forfeited a portion of the magic by which it has hitherto united in a common brotherhood those whose loftiest motives are founded by political avarice.—*State Sentinel.*

ERIE, Jan. 12.

The Sheriff and deputies, from Philadelphia, have arrived, and the work at Harbor Creek will be commenced to morrow morning. The Road will be ready for use on Monday evening, or Tuesday morning.

Young Men's Association LECTURES.

The fourth lecture of the course will be delivered by Rev. J. Edwards, on January 22d, at Colerick's Hall. Subject—*Aspects of Society.*

January 27th, Bayard Taylor, Esq. Subject—*Japan.*

January 29th, Bayard Taylor, Esq. Subject:—*The Philosophy of Travel.*

Due notice will be given of the time for delivering the remaining lectures.

H. C. GREY, Cor. Sec'y.

January 11, 1855.

☞ OLD SORES, ULCERS, and all eruptions and diseases arising from an impure or depraved state of the blood. See the extraordinary cure of Mr. Wm. G. Harwood, a highly respectable citizen of Richmond, Va., by Carter's Spanish Mixture. He had ulcers and sores of the worst description, and finally got so bad, he was unable to walk, except on crutches. A few bottles of Carter's Spanish Mixture, the great blood purifier, cured him, as it has cured hundreds of others who have suffered with rheumatism, bad effects of mercury, and pains and ulcers of the bones and joints.

_ See advertisement. 3w29

We seldom recommend a manufactured medicine, believing that in most cases nature herself perfects a cure more rapidly and effectually than can be accomplished by the vegetables and minerals of medical science. But in the matter of dyspepsia, there are chronic features about it, which very often defy all the efforts of nature to create a healthy action of the digestive organs, and it not unfrequently happens that thousands suffer for years, diseased both in body and in mind, from indigestion and its kindred ills—To such, Hoofland's German Bitters, prepared by Dr. C. M. Jackson, are truly a most valuable preparation.

It is a tonic medicine, giving a healthy action to the stomach, and will be found highly serviceable at all seasons, but especially during the spring. Dyspepsia can only be cured by a patient perseverance in one course of treatment; and to all those suffering under this sad malady we would recommend an application to the Depot of Hoofland's German Bitters, 120 Arch street Philadelphia.—*Philadelphia Inquirer.*

See advertisement. 2w29

A WONDERFUL DISCOVERY has recently been made by Dr. Curtis, of this city, in the treatment of Consumption, Asthma, and all diseases of the lungs.—We refer to "Dr. Curtis's Hygeana, or Inhaling Hygean Vapor of Cherry Syrup." With this new method Dr. C. has restored many afflicted ones to perfect health; as an evidence of which he has innumerable certificates. Speaking of the treatment, a physician remarks:—It is evident that inhaling—constantly breathing an agreable, healing vapor, the medicinal properties must come in direct contact with the whole of the aerial cavities of the lungs, and thus escape the many and varied changes produced upon them when introduced into the stomach, and subject to the process of digestion. The Hygeana is for sale at all the druggists throughout the country.—*New York Dutchman* of Jan. 14th.

See advertisement of Medicated Inhalation in other column of this paper.

COMMERCIAL.

Fort Wayne, Saturday, January 20.

Prices have an upward tendency. Wheat, $1.70 a 1.75; Flour, retail, 9.00.

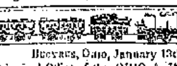
Corn 42 a 50; Oats 28; Barley 1 25; Rye 75 80; Beans 1 50; Potatoes 75a80; Onions 50; Butter 12; Cheese 10; Eggs 12; Salt $3 25; Lard 6; Pork 3 00 a 3 25; Beef 3½ a 4½; Flaxseed 1 00; Clover Seed 5 00 a 5 50; Timothy Seed 1 50 a 2 25; Wool 30 a 40; Green Apples, 1 25 1 a 50; Dried 1 50.

MARRIED.—At New Haven, on the 2d inst., by C. P. Cobb Esq., Mr. PHILIP KILLINGER, to Miss BRIDGET SLAMEN.

—On Tuesday evening last, by Rev. E. Curtis, Mr. JOHN ARTHUR REED, to Miss MARY FRANK McCARTY.

Our thanks are due for the liberal share of cake and bottle of pure sparkling Catawba with which we were favored. May heaven's choicest blessings be showered upon them, and may they be exempt from the cares (but not the *responsibilities*) which sometimes attend the marriage state.

"Oh! happy pair, to every blessing born!
For you may life's calm stream unruffled run;
For you its roses bloom without a thorn,
And bright as morning shine its evening sun."



BUCYRUS, OHIO, January 13th, 1855.

THE Principal Office of the OHIO & INDIANA RAILROAD COMPANY is, by order of the Board of Directors, removed to Fort Wayne.

All communications to the President, or Superintendent, will be addressed to them at that place—The Treasurer's Office and General Ticket & Freight Agent are at Bucyrus, O.

3w29 SAMUEL HANNA, *Pres't.*

ROCKHILL HOUSE,
By PHILO RUMSEY,
Corner of *Broadway* and *Main Streets*,
FORT WAYNE, IND.
January 20th, 1855. y25

Summit City Factory,
FORT WAYNE, IND.

WE are prepared to Manufacture WOOL ON THE SHARE, and CARD, SPIN, FULL and DRESS CUSTOM CLOTH, promptly and in the best style.
Merchants are invited to examine our Stock of

WOOLEN GOODS,

as we are determined to sell a *Good Article* as low as can be purchased in the East. We have, also, a

Set of Machinery,

and an assortment of
Machine Cards, Comb Plates, Card Cleaners, &c., which will be sold at manufacturers' prices.
H. RUDISILL & SON.
January 20th, 1855. y29

At Colerick's Hall!
FORT WAYNE.
GRAND OPENING NIGHT
By the Far-Famed
SANFORD'S
N. ORLEANS OPERA TROUPE.
Comprising three Corps of
Musicians, Comedians and Vocalists,

Consolidate into ONE Company making their entertainments *Inimitable, Unapproachable and Original!* The Manager begs leave to acquaint the citizens of Fort Wayne and vicinity, that this Mammoth Troupe of Artists, will give a series of Operatic entertainments commencing on

Tuesday Evening, January 30th.

SANFORD'S TROUPE, as ever, comprises all the leading performers in the profession. The success of the Troupe in England Ireland, Scotland, and for the last 12 years in the United States, and recently of "Sanford's Opera House," Philadelphia, (which was destroyed by fire December 19th, '53) has been the universal theme of admiration, and the performers pronounced by the *Clergy*, the *Press*, and the *People* the most unique in the world.

THE COMPANY.
Messrs. COLLINS, RAINER,
WYATT, HOLDEN,
COOL WHITE, AMICI,
SWAINE, LYNCH,
SANFORD, Mons. SANFORD,
KING, KAVANAUGH and
R. H. SLITER,
The Renowned CHAMPION Dancer of the World,

Whose performances with "Sanford's" at his Opera House, Philadelphia, for 18 successive months, has established him the greatest favorite that has ever appeared in that city, will appear nightly in Three of his Dances. The whole Troup will appear nightly in their respective role.
Doors open at 6½ o'clock. Commence at 7½.
TICKETS 25 Cents *A few reserved seats 50 cts*
Fort Wayne, Jan. 11th 1855.

Cash and Short Credits!
M. L. HALLOWELL & CO.,
SILK WAREHOUSE,
PHILADELPHIA.
TERMS.

Cash buyers will receive a discount of SIX per cent, if the money be paid in par funds, within ten days from date of bill.
Uncurrent money only taken at its market value on the day it is received.
To merchants of undoubted standing, a credit of SIX months will be given, if desired.
When money is remitted in advance of maturity, a discount at the rate of TWELVE per cent. per annum will be allowed.

PRICES FOR GOODS UNIFORM.

In again calling the attention of the trading community to the above Terms, we announce that notwithstanding the general depression in commercial affairs throughout the country, the system of business adopted by us more than a year since, and to which we shall rigidly adhere, enables us to offer for the coming Spring season our usual assortment of

New Silk and Fancy Goods,
Comprising one of the
Largest and most Splendid Stocks
To be found in America, to which we will receive continual additions, throughout the season, of new and desirable goods from our
HOUSE IN PARIS.
2m23.

Estray.
TAKEN up by Frederick Phillips, of Wayne Township, Allen County, Indiana, on the 6th day of January, 1855, one dark bay HORSE, with a white spot on the forehead, two hind feet white, black mane and tail, about three years old, appraised, by Michael S Miller and Robert L. H., at twenty six dollars.
Subscribed and sworn before me, this 9th day of January, 1855.
JOHN B. DUBOIS, J. P.
p3w29

Administrator's Notice.
NOTICE is hereby given that the undersigned has been appointed Administrator of the Estate of Samuel Johnson, late of Allen County Indiana, deceased.
Said Estate is supposed to be solvent.
CHRISTIAN KENSY, Adm'r.
January 20th, 1855. p3w29

GREAT EXCITEMENT AT ERIE, PA.
One Mile of Railroad Track Removed!
Bridges torn down!
MOB LAW PROCLAIMED!
And the Ohio & Pennsylvania Road in danger from Crestline to the Pennsylvania line.
FRIENDS OF THE ROAD,
Arouse, Awake, Stand in the Breach, and
STOP THE DESTRUCTION!!

ALL persons indebted to the late firm of Bayless & Co., either by note or book account, are requested to call at the shoe store of F. S. Avaline, No. 89 Columbia street, and settle the same, as longer indulgence cannot be given; the business of said firm must be closed up. We are aware that times are hard and money scarce, but we have been paying our debts with the promises of those indebted to us, and that kind of Free Bank money will no longer pass. Call soon as we have been liberal in our indulgence, and would willingly continue it if circumstances would permit.
BAYLESS & Co.
Fort Wayne, Jan. 12th, 1855.

Cincinnati & Fort Wayne R.R. Co.

Notice to Stockholders.
NOTICE is hereby given to the Stockholders of the Cincinnati & Fort Wayne Railroad Company, that an election for nine Directors, to serve for the ensuing year, will be held at Winchester, Randolph County, Indiana, on Wednesday, February 21st, 1855, at 1 o'clock P. M. of that day.
By order of the Board of Directors,
PETER P. BAILEY, Pres't.
January 13th, 1855. 3a23

For Sale.
THE following choice pieces of Land I will sell at great Bargains, call soon;

The E half of S E qr of sec.	13,	Madison Tp
" W half of S E qr "	25,	Jefferson "
" E half of N W qr "	30,	Jackson "
" S E quarter of N E qr "	7,	Eel River "
" S E qr of S E qr "	4,	"
" E part fractional "	33,	Cedar Creek "

Also, large quantities of other excellent LANDS in this vicinity.
E. F. COLERICK,
Jan. 6th. 13a27 Land Agent.

In Whitley Circuit Court, in the State of Indiana. March Term, 1855. Attachment.
Horace A. Woodbridge and Sarah Woodbridge, vs. Ezra Hazen.
The Defendant will take notice that depositions will be taken on the 15th day of February, 1855 between the hours of 8 o'clock A. M., and 5 o'clock P. M. of said day, at the office of Charles Jewett Esq in the village of Niles, in the county of Berrien, and state of Michigan.
Which depositions when so taken will be read in evidence in the trial of said cause, when and where you may attend if you choose, and cross examine.
JAMES S. COLLINS, Pl'ff's Att'y.
December 29th 1854. 4w27

W. H. LINK. IRA BEALS.
New Livery Stable.

THE subscribers have opened a Livery Stable, north side of the Canal, west of Story's Foundry, and keep for hire a few new and splendid
BUGGIES AND CARRIAGES
of the latest and neatest styles. Also, first-rate
Saddle and Carriage Horses.
Their charges will be moderate, and they hope, by courtesy and attention, to merit a share of public support.
W. H. LINK & Co.
Fort Wayne, Dec. 25th, 1854. tf—26

Administrator's Notice.
NOTICE is hereby given that the undersigned has been appointed Administrator of the estate of Christian Baude, late of Allen County, deceased.
Said estate is supposed to be insolvent.
CHRISTIAN PIEPENBRINK, Adm'r.
January 1st, 1855. 3w27

Sale of Lots
In Chute and Prince's Additions to Fort Wayne.
I AM still selling those Lots at very reasonable prices and terms. Come on before they are all gone.
E. F. COLERICK,
Jan. 6th. 13a27 Land Agent.

The New Cosmopolitan
ART AND LITERARY ASSOCIATION
for the encouragement and general diffusion of
LITERATURE AND THE FINE ARTS.

THE Committee of Management for 1854 have the pleasure of announcing that the *First annual Distribution of Paintings, Statuary, &c.,* will take place on the 30th January inst., on which occasion there will be distributed and allotted to members, several hundred superb Works of Art among which is the original and world-renowned Statue of the
GREEK SLAVE,
by Hiram Powers, costing over *Five Thousand Dollars!* together with the beautiful Statues of VENUS, BACCHANTE, HEBE, FLORA, and the DANCING GIRL, and fifteen Statuettes in bronze, imported from Paris at immense expense.

The Choice Collection of Oil Paintings
for distribution, comprises some of the best productions of celebrated American and Foreign Artists, among which are the works of Sontag, Le Grand, Kensett, Griswold, Ponceton, Mekker, Lawrence, Clough, Frankenstein, Read, and other well known Artists, rendering this one of the finest collections in the United States.
THE LITERATURE issued to Subscribers, consists of the following popular Monthly Magazines:—Harper's Magazine, Putnam's Monthly, Knickerbocker Magazine, Blackwood's Magazine, Magazine of Art, Godey's Lady's Book, together with the Quarterly Reviews reprinted in New York; Edinburgh, Westminster, London Quarterly, and North British.
The payment of Three Dollars constitutes any one member of this Association, and entitles him to either one of the above Magazines for one year, and also a Ticket in the Distribution of the Statuary and Paintings, which are to be allotted to members in January.
No member restricted to a single share. Those taking Five memberships are titled to any Five of the Magazines one year, and to *six tickets* in the distribution.
LITTELL'S LIVING AGE, *Weekly*, will be furnished one year, and Two Memberships for Six Dollars.
J. McNUTT SMITH,
Honorary Secretary.
Fort Wayne, Jan. 14. 3a28

Homœopathy.
DR. G. W. BOWEN,
Homœopathic Physician and Surgeon.
OFFICE over Sowph ford's Store, on Calhoun st., Fort Wayne, Ind.
Dec. 20.

Genuine Havanna Cigars
JUST received, on consignment, a prime lot of genuine Havanna Cigars, LaReyna, Cazadores, Metrenitas, and other favorite brands. They will be sold as low as in the eastern cities, and dealers will find it to their advantage to call and examine them. For sale by H. GERHARDT at the Store of
C. A. GREY.
Dec. 20. p25tf

Sheriff's Sale.
BY virtue of an execution to me directed and delivered from the Clerk of the Allen Circuit Court, I will expose for sale on the 27th day of January, A. D. 1855, at the Court house door in Fort Wayne, within the hours prescribed by law, the rents and profits for seven years of the following real estate, to wit: Fractional lot numbered one and fractional lot numbered two of section four [4], and fractional lot numbered one, of section No. three [3], all of township thirty-one [31], north of range numbered eleven [11] east; and the south part of the south-east quarter of section No. thirty-one [31] in township thirty-two [32], north of range numbered eleven [11] east, containing in all two hundred and twenty-five acres, more or less; also, excepting out of said last twelve 65-100 acres, conveyed by Simon Edsall to A. Hall. This deed, also, grants, conveys and mortgages one and 9-10 of an acre of land conveyed by said Hall to said Edsall. The whole of said mortgaged premises containing, by estimation, two hundred and fourteen 73-100 acres. And on failure to realize the full amount of judgment, interest and costs, I will at the same time and place expose the fee simple of said real estate. Taken as the property of Isaac Harman and Sarah Harman, at the suit of Jacob Harman.
R. McMULLEN, Sh'ff A. C.
December 30th, 1854 ($3 75) 4w25

H. C. HANNA
HAS taken the Rooms formerly occupied by Bass and Emrick, and will keep constantly on hand, FLOUR, CORNMEAL, BUCKWHEAT FLOUR, SHORTS and BRAN. Cash paid for wheat, corn, oats, butter, eggs, bacon, lard, and every thing in the produce line.
Fort Wayne, Dec. 11, 1854. 1y25

NOTICE.
IS hereby given that the undersigned, Auditor and Treasurer of the County of Allen, State of Indiana, in pursuance of "an act to provide for the sale of County Seminaries, and the property belonging thereto, and to transfer the proceeds thereof to the Common School Fund, after deducting advances made by individuals, and to repay such advances, approved June 12th, 1852," will offer at Public Sale, at the Court House door in the City of Fort Wayne, in said County of Allen, on Monday, the 26th day of March, 1855, at one o'clock P. M., the Allen County Seminary lots, to-wit: Nos. 192, 193, 194, in Hanna's Addition to the Town of Fort Wayne. Terms of sale, six per cent interest to be paid in advance on the whole amount, for one year, and the principal to be paid in ten equal annual instalments with six per cent interest to be paid annually in advance on the several instalments, until the principal is paid.
Auditor's Office Allen County, December 19th, 1854.
R. STARKWEATHER, *County Auditor.*
O. BIRD, *Co. Tres* 3m25

ROBERT DYKES,
DEALER IN
Staple & Fancy Dry Goods,
HARDWARE, QUEENSWARE, GROCERIES,
HATS, CAPS, BOOTS, SHOES,
Ready made Clothing,
At R. W. Taylor's stand, 126 Columbia street,
FORT WAYNE, IND.
Indiana Free Banks money taken in exchange for Goods.
December 15th, 1854.

FAMILY FLOUR—a superior article—for sale by R. DYKES,
Dec. 15. No. 125 Columbia Street.

STATE STOCK MONEY
AT PAR.
Now is the time to buy
DRY GOODS
W. T. ABBOTT, proprietor of the Boston Dry Goods Store, will receive, *For a Short time* the notes of all the *Indiana State Stock Banks*, except six, at par, in payments for Goods.
Persons holding any of this money will now have an opportunity of disposing of it at the full value, and may rest assured that we shall offer our goods at
Exceedingly Low Prices
Our Stock is large, our goods are all new, and the most of them purchased during the great money panic in the eastern cities, and consequently are bought so that we can give
GREAT BARGAINS.
Remember the place and number, 57 *Columbia Street* under Colerick's New Hall, and bring along your currency and get More than your money's worth.
Fort Wayne, Dec 16th, 1854.

Leeches, Leeches, Leeches!
A CONSTANT supply of fine *Swedish Leeches* always on hand; or applied by R. C. NEWMAN, at the establishment of
J. D. WERDEN & Co.,
Apothecaries & Chemists, Calhoun street

MORE NEW GOODS
By the Lightning Line.
WE have, this week received the third lot of New Goods, by Railroad, direct from New York, bought of Importers, Manufacturers and Jobbers. They will be sold cheap. A call is solicited from Country Merchants, Pedlers and our Customers generally.
J. W. TOWNLEY & Co.
Fort Wayne, March 25th, 1854.

BLUE, Black, Brown, Olive, and Green Broadcloths, Cassimeres, Tweeds, Kentucky Jeans, Worsted Plaids for children, Brown Linen, Drilling, &c. For sale by
March 25. J. W. TOWNLEY & Co.

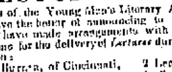
EMBROIDERY, &c.,
100 pieces Swiss and Jaconet Edgings and Insertings, Muslin and Lace Collars, Under Sleeves, Under Handk'fs, Cambric Handk'fs, Curtain Muslins, Jaconet, Swiss, Mull and Cross barred Muslins, Bishop and Victoria Lawns, &c. &c.
For sale by J. W. TOWNLEY & Co.
March 25

J. D. WERDEN & Co.,
City Drug Store,
CALHOUN STREET, FORT WAYNE, IND.,
HAVE just received a large and beautifully selected stock of
LUBIN'S
MUCH ADMIRED FRENCH EXTRACTS,
for the Handkerchief and Toilet, surpassing all other for elegance and durability of perfume.
Jules Hauel's and Roussel's
Esteemed Preparations for the Hair and Toilet.
French and American CARICATURES and FANCY TOILET, and SHAVING SOAPS in endless variety.
An extensive assortment of
HAIR BRUSHES
of a quality to suit the most fastidious.
Tooth, Nail, and Clothes Brushes.
The celebrated
INDIAN RUBBER DRESSING COMBS,
(Under the Patent of Goodyear & Co.
BUFFALO AND ENGLISH HORN COMBS,
&c., &c., &c.
[illegible] 47

Young Men's Literary Association
LECTURES.
THE members of the Young Men's Literary Association have the honor of announcing to the public that they have made arrangements with the following gentleme for the delivery of *Lectures* during the present season:

Rev. James D. Burton, of Cincinnati,	2 Lect's.
Hon. Jno. B. Niles, of Laporte,	1 "
Rev. J. Edwards, of Fort Wayne,	1 "
Bayard Taylor, Esq., of New York,	2 "
L. C. Jacoby, Esq., of Fort Wayne,	1 "
Hon. Horace Mann, of Antioch College,	1 "
J. K. Edgerton, Esq., of Fort Wayne,	1 "
John G. Saxe, Esq., of Burlington Vt.	2 "
Hugh McCulloch, Esq., of Fort Wayne,	1 "
Benj. F. Taylor, Esq., of Warrenville Ill.	1 "

TICKETS for course $2 00.—Single Tickets 25 cents. Holder of season tickets will have preference of admission until 7½ o'clock.
December 8 1854.

Fort Wayne Cars Factory,

Machine Shop & Foundry.
THE subscribers having formed a co-partnership for the manufacture of
RAIL ROAD CARS, CAR WHEELS, MILL GEARING, MACHINERY OF ALL KINDS, STOVES, PLOWS AND CASTING
of every description, are prepared to execute work in the latest and most approved styles.
Our Works, recently erected, *adjacent to the Depot Grounds* of the several Rail Roads, are large and extensive, and having a direct connexion with the Canal, we are prepared to execute and deliver the best work on the most expeditious manner.—Repairing and setting up of all kinds of Machinery promptly executed.
We invite the call of Rail Road Contractors, Bridge Builders, and others, requiring any work of the kind above specified, before going elsewhere, as our location and facilities for business enable us to do work on the most favorable terms, and to deliver it without delay.
COOPERS, BASS & CO.
Coopers & Clark, Mount Vernon, Ohio.
Hiram & Jones, Sam'l W. Hinman, Stone & Bass. } Fort Wayne.
Fort Wayne, Dec. 5th 1854. 1y29

10 Bales Sheeting from 6¼ to 10c per yd
6 dozen Long Shawls of all Descriptions
6 Square
10 ps English Merinos
15 " Blk and Fancy Alpaccas
20 " " " Sattinets
10 " " " Cassimeres
15 " Kentucky Jeans
8 " Broad Cloths to be sold cheap for cash at the Farmers Depot.
Dec. 2, 1854.

New Embroideries.
CAMBRIC and Muslin Collars, Sleeves, Under Handkerchiefs, Shirts, Cambric and Muslin Edgings, Bands and Flouncings.
Also a new lot of Thread Laces at great bargains at 57 Columbia street. WM. T. ABBOTT.

CLERK WANTED.—A good Clerk, of some experience, wanted immediately.
Aug 12 J. & C. ORFF.

NEW GOODS,
Hard Times, but Good Bargains!
Cheap for Cash!!
THE subscriber has received a full stock of all kinds of GOODS, which will be sold lower than in any other place in the town. He has the
BEST BRANDY
for Family use, which has been pronounced by Doctors as pure and free from all drugs and poisonous stuff.
J. PIERR.
Sept. 9

GIRARD
Fire & Marine Insurance Co.,
OF PHILADELPHIA,
CAPITAL HALF A MILLION.
One of the most reliable Companies in the Union.
THE undersigned is now prepared to issue policies for this Company, at moderate rates. This is the only Agency in the West.
E. F. COLERICK, *Agent.*
Fort Wayne, Ind.,
He also Agent for the *New England Live Stock Insurance Co.*
December 15, 1854. 21

INDIANA FREE BANKS taken at par at the Farmers Depot, No. 87 Columbia St.
Dec. 2, 1854 H. R. SCHWEGMAN.

STRAW CUTTERS.
STEVENS & BROWN are manufacturing Wills's Patent Improved Self Feeder Straw Cutters, and have a supply on hand constantly, for sale at their shop at the east end of Main street Ft. Wayne near the Maumee Bridge.
These Cutters are invaluable for Farmers and Feeders for cutting Hay, Straw and Stocks, and they can be instantly set to cut from 1 inch to four inches long with the greatest ease.
Premiums have been awarded to the inventor for this machine in several of the United States, and after exhibition at the late Allen County Agricultural Fair also took the first premium.
We warrant them to do what they are represented; and have no doubt purchasers will be pleased with them. We invite public attention thereto.
STEVENS & BROWN.
Fort Wayne, Dec. 16th 1854. 1121

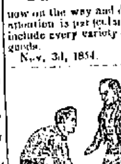
10000 Hides Wanted
FOR which we will pay 3½ cents pr lb green, and 8 cents pr lb for prime dry flint hides.
H. C. GREY & Co.,
71 Columbia Street, under Telegraph office

COOK AND BOX STOVES, Potash and Sugar Kettles, Long's No. 4 Plows and Castings of every description for sale by
COOPERS, BASS & CO.
Fort Wayne, Dec 15 1854. 1125.

EVERSON & CO.'S
United States Liniment
For Man and Beast.
This liniment is unsurpassed for power and efficacy, its ability to promote healthy action in all animal tissues is truly wonderful; it speedily reduces Inflammations, Swellings, tubers, &c., &c., is useful in glandular Swellings, whether in man or beast, in Gout, Rheumatism, Neuralgia or Tic Douloureux, Lumbago, Sciatica or Hip Gout, and all Spinal Weakness, for severe Pains in the side or limbs, Sprains, Bruises, Contusions, Wounds, Stiff Joints &c.
For WEAK BACKS it has acquired a standing notoriety, and acts in all such cases like a charm.
As a Veterinary or Horse Medicine, its superior efficacy is readily discerned and is highly appreciated. We venture to the prediction that the powers of this liniment are unequalled by any preparation now extant, and from our experience in its use, and intimate knowledge of medicines of this class, and of medicines generally, we cannot conceive the possibility of its being surpassed by any agent or compound from materials of the present known Materia Medica, that can be safely used. Price 25 Cents per bottle.
EVERSON & CO. Proprietors,
No. 7 South Sixth street, Philadelphia,
and No 33 Manchester Buildings, Cincinnati, O.
For sale wholesale and retail by
6m17 H. B. REED, Fort Wayne.

EVERSON & CO.'S
FAMILY HEALTH RESTORATIVE.
Anti-Dyspeptic and Anti-Billious Pills.
The pleasantness of operation and efficiency of these Pills must long render them a favorite family medicine. For WEAK AND DELICATE FEMALES, whether as an aperient, cathartic or alterative, they act admirably, not only purifying the blood by removing obstructions from the liver, but after they have acted, they restore the tone of the stomach and create an appetite; thus imparting fresh vigor to the constitution. They have been used in our practice with the greatest success in all billious derangements, and derangement of the Kidneys, Dyspepsia and Liver Complaint, Female Difficulties, Weakness, &c., Plethora or Fullness of the Head, Dizziness, Sick and other Headache, for those pains in the left side or back, peculiar to females, and in all cases where an aperient, or cathartic, or alterative are needed they are invaluable.
Every family requires more or less of medicine of this character; here, then, is one that can be relied upon, having been used in practice with great satisfaction for many years. It is compounded of valuable and safe ingredients, NO MERCURY, ENTIRELY VEGETABLE, and scientifically by experienced hands. Persons travelling should be provided with these Pills. Their action will not interfere with attention to business, and by being used occasionally as an alterative or blood cleanser, or aperient will ward off Billious and other Fevers, and preserve health. Price, TWENTY CENTS per box.
EVERSON & CO., Proprietors,
No. 7 South Sixth street, Philadelphia,
and No. 33 Manchester Buildings, Cincinnati, O.
For sale wholesale and retail by
6m17 H. B. REED, Fort Wayne.

Millinery & Fancy Goods.
MRS. DYKES has received a large and beautiful assortment of Millinery Goods, Ribbons, Trimmings, &c.
BONNETS
of every variety and the latest styles. Dealers supplied with Silk Bonnets by the case or dozen at wholesale prices.
Cloaks, Talmas, Mantillas,
&c. &c. of all the newest styles, at the most reasonable rates.
A full stock of
DRESS AND STAPLE GOODS
now on the way and daily expected, to which public attention is particularly called, as it will be found to include every variety of the best and newest styles of goods.
Nov. 31, 1854.

REMOVAL.

F. S. AVALINE has Removed his Boot and Shoe Store, to No. 89, Columbia Street (lately occupied by Rich. McMullen) where he is in readiness to attend to the calls of his friends and patrons, and to furnish them with the Very BEST ARTICLES in his line of business. His stock of
BOOTS AND SHOES
of all kinds and descriptions, for Ladies, Gents, Misses and Misses, is now *very extensive* and to which he is constantly making large additions, at such kinds as the season and taste of the community demand. In short he will constantly keep on hand the Largest, Best Quality and CHEAPEST Stock of any establishment of the kind in the vicinity. Call and see for yourself.
Fort Wayne, Oct. 25th, 1854.

IMPORTANT DISCOVERY
By WM. K. EVERSON, M. D.
The Cause of Ague or Chills and Fever Destroyed; The necessity for QUININE and ARSENIC entirely superseded.
EVERSON & CO.'S
Chrono Thermal or American Remedy
For Ague or Chills and Fever.
THIS is no common patent nostrum, but an important scientific discovery of immense value; and from present indications is destined soon to become the only reliable cure for Fever and Ague. Throughout our great Ague districts it is hailed as THE REMEDY, and is greeted with enthusiasm, no less for its invigorating the influence upon the system generally, than the remarkable cures it produces,—Seldom, indeed, has any medicine been received with such popular favor. It is perfectly safe and harmless even for infants. Not one person out of fifty will have a chill after the first dose during that season, if in the year, in the worst Ague districts. Do not trifle with your health by the use of Quinine, Arsenic, Calagogues, Cathartics or Emetics, but with THE AMERICAN REMEDY, the great antidote to the specific poison, attack and destroy the cause of the disease and the effects will cease to exist. No perceptible action like purging, vomiting or sweating takes place when this medicine is taken, but a sure and speedy restoration to health.
We are almost daily in receipt of certificates and orders like the following. Please read them, and procure of our agents one of our circulars.
Andrew Maxwell of Franklin, O., had Ague for one year; the last two months shook every day, sufferings dreadful; had tried physicians and patent nostrums in vain. One box of our American Remedy made a well man of him. Mr. Squires, Mr. Tabula and son, and others of the same place, all cases of long standing, testify to the permanence of their cures, some one year, some eighteen months since and no return, after trying everything else without benefit.
Geo. Barns of Dayton Ohio, testifies that himself and four others, all cases of long standing, have been cured by the American Remedy, their cases having resisted all other treatment.
Under date of Sept. 3d Mr. J. C. Winton of Rayeville, Missouri, writes: "I disposed of the four dozen of Ague Remedy in less than three weeks after your agent left here, and want you to forward immediately a gross and some more Liniment and some Circulars. If your Ague Remedy meets with the favor elsewhere it does here, it will exceed in sale anything I know of.

Plain Rux, Michigan, Aug. 28, 1854.
Dear Sir.—There is probably no place in the States where Ague is more prevalent than here and strikes harder. I have sold the half gross you sent me; please send me one gross this time. Never in my recollection has any medicine met with such rapid sale as the American Remedy. I have not heard of a single failure, but lots of cures.
Respectfully yours, CHAS. FONDY.
Beware of counterfeits—none are genuine without our signature upon the box.
EVERSON & CO., Proprietors,
No. 7 South Sixth street, Philadelphia,
and No. 33 Manchester Buildings, Cincinnati, O. 6m17
For sale wholesale and retail by
7m17 H. B. REED, Fort Wayne.

80 Barrels New Orleans SUGAR.
27 do do Molasses.
10 do Tanners Oil,
71 Bags Coffee,
20 Chests Tea,
25 Boxes Tobacco, for sale by
April 15. J. W. TOWNLEY & Co.

24 Hogsheads Sugar,
50 bbls. and half bbls. Molasses,
120 half-boxes Glass, assorted sizes,
25 dozen Buckets,
10 " Washboards,
10 bbls. Vinegar;
Cut and dry, 6 twist, and pound lump Tobacco
Just received at No. 3.
Aug. 12. J. & C. ORFF.

ALL kinds Yankee Notions, General assortment of Dry Good, Hats and Caps, Queensware, Hardware, Glassware, Groceries, etc., cheap for cash at the Farmers Depot.
Dec. 2, 1854. H. R. SCHWEGMAN.

THE largest stock of RIBBONS, west of New York, to be found at MRS. SULLEY'S.
Nov. 9th.

MOHAIR HEAD DRESS, a new style, just received by MRS. SULLEY.
Nov. 9th.

American Express Company.
THE Proprietors of the above Company have facilities enabling them to
Forward Money, Parcels, Packages, Goods,
and also
Collect Notes, Drafts & Accounts
In all the principal Cities and Towns in the United States, Canadas, California, and Europe,
AT LOW RATES AND WITH GREAT SPEED.
Order Goods marked "*By the American Express Co.*"
WELLS BUTTERFIELD & Co.,
62 Broadway and 8 Erie Place, N.Y.
LIVINGSTON, FARGO & Co.,
157 Main Street, Buffalo, N. Y.
CHARLES W. LEWIS, Agent, Fort Wayne, will receive and forward Money or Packages from this point daily. November 9th, 1854. y18

Lithography & Engraving.
MIDDLETON, WALLACE & CO.,
No. 115 Walnut Street, CINCINNATI.
Maps, Bonds, Certificates, Views, Portraits, Cards, &c.,
ENGRAVED AND PRINTED IN THE BEST STYLE, AND ON SHORT NOTICE.
Orders respectfully solicited.
N. B. 150 Steel Plates on hand for Magazines, Books, &c., impression from which we will supply on reasonable terms. 6m12

CENTRAL HOTEL,
BLUFFTON,
S. MOORE, Proprietor.
November 10, 1854. y19

JUST received and for sale at wholesale and Retail, No. 87 Columbia street:

60 Bags Coffee	2 Bbls Tanners Oil
10 Bbls Molasses	2 " Rock "
10 hf " "	10 Boxes Tobacco
5 " Syrup	10 " Bar Soap
10 " Crush Sugar	300 lbs " Lead
3 " Pulv. "	30 hf chests Tea
10 hogsheads N. O. "	3 Gross Essence of Coffee
5 Bbls Sperm Oil	20 Bales Oakum.

Dec. 2, 1854. H. R. SCHWEGMAN.

Cheaper and Better than ever!
C. A. GREY, 81 Columbia Street, has received an unusually choice assortment of
Fall and Winter Goods
which he has bought on favorable terms for Cash, and will sell at a bargain.
GOODS ARE CHEAP
this season, and those who buy of him will verify the act, and get more and better Goods for less money than ever before. For instance he has
Muslins and Calicoes from 6 cents!
a tremendous stock of Jeans, Sattinets, Cassimeres and Broadcloths, equally low.
DRESS GOODS.
Alpaccas, Thibet Cloths, Merinos, Cashmeres, Scotch Plaid, Delaines, Ginghams, Calicoes, &c. of better quality and at lower prices than can be found elsewhere.
SHAWLS—A good assortment, at reduced Prices.
Worsted Goods in great variety. Hats, Caps, Umbrellas, &c.
Hardware, Groceries, Queensware,
&c. a full assortment. The Groceries will be found of the very choicest quality, and sold at the same price as inferior articles are in other places. Call and satisfy yourselves.
Oct. 26 3a16

ABBOT & SIMONSON,
Land Surveyors & Civil Engineers.
THE Subscribers will promptly attend to all surveying, Mapping, Draughting, Leveling & Engineering of all kinds entrusted to their care.
102 *Columbia st.*, FORT WAYNE, Ind.
REFERENCES:
Jesse L. Williams, Civil Engineer of W. & E. Canal and Ft. W. & C. R. R.
S. Hanna, O. Bird, Co. Treasurer.
P. Hoagland, J. K. Edgerton,
F. P. Randall, Esq. E. F. Colerick, Esq.
Jesse R. Straughan, Chief Engineer and Superintendent of O. & I. R. R.
Nov. 10, 1854. 6m19

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.
BOSTICK & BOLMAN
BEG leave to inform their friends and old customers that they have just received their
Fall and Winter Stock of
CLOTHING
consisting of Overcoats, Dress, Frock and Business Coats, Pants, Vests, Shirts, Under-Clothing of every variety, HATS and CAPS, and a splendid lot of
PIECE GOODS,
which they will make up to order Cheaper than any establishment will sell in the City, and will warrant a fit every time. October 27.

Velvet Ribbons.
BLACK and colored, of all widths, just received by express at 57 Columbia street.
Sept. 20th, 1854. WM. T. ABBOTT.

REMOVAL.
H. R. SCHWEGMAN informs his friends and the public that he has removed to No. 87 Columbia street, lately occupied by Shryock & Son where he offers a large stock of
New Fall Goods,
of every variety, at his usual low prices.
Groceries, Hardware, Queensware,
&c. The old Farmers' Depot was long known as THE CHEAP STORE—those who call at the new stand will find goods equally cheap. Schwegman's Store, wherever it may be, is bound to be the cheapest in town. Fort Wayne, Oct. 12.

OYSTER SALOON.
A. RITZFIELD & Co. have opened an Oyster Saloon in the basement of Linz's Building where they will furnish Oysters, raw and cooked. Chickens, Game, and other delicacies. The best of Wines, Liquors and Segars.
They have also fitted up the third story, over the Mayor's office, as a
RESTAURANT,
where meals can be had at all hours.
A Hot Lunch
will be prepared every morning, at 10 o'clock, consisting of Beef Soup, Oyster Soup, Chicken Soup, &c. Charge 10 cents.
Families and Merchants supplied with the best FRESH OYSTERS, *by the can or keg.*
October 5th, 3m14

New Fall Goods.
THIS day received at the BOSTON DRY GOODS STORE, an entire new stock of
Fancy & Staple Dry Goods,
just purchased in the New York and Boston Markets from the latest importations.
The public are invited to call and examine, and may rest assured that greater bargains will be offered than ever before. WM. T. ABBOTT.
Fort Wayne Sept 6th, 1854.

New Fall Goods.
J. & C. ORFF, are now receiving, at the Old Lucky No. 3, a very full and fine stock of
FALL GOODS
which they have bought on favorable terms, and intends selling at the smallest profits. Buyers will therefore find *Bargains and no mistake!*
THE OLD COTTON BUCK is in good plight, and we can therefore sell
16 yds., yard-wide MUSLIN, for ONE DOLLAR.
Every thing else proportionably low.

Cooper Wanted.
A GOOD Cooper wanted to go to Liberty Mills. I will agree to take from 1 to 50 Flour Barrels per week, for three years cash as delivered.
This is a good chance for an industrious man. Besides the Flour Barrels there is a great demand for tight work.
JOHN COMSTOCK.
Nov. 18, 1854. p—tf

J. W. TOWNLEY & Co.,
Wholesale and Retail dealers in
DRY GOODS,
Groceries, Crockery & Hardware,
Fort Wayne, March 18th, 1854.

SPECIAL NOTICE.
Iron, Nails and Glass.
First arrival of the season at the
GRANITE STORE
50 TONS IRON, which makes our assortment unusually large.
150 Kegs NAILS of all sizes, of the best brands.
100 Boxes GLASS, all sizes.
HOES AND FORKS.
150 Dozen Genuine Turtle Steel Hoes
50 " AMES and other SHOVELS
A large assortment of general Hardware is expected daily.
OAKLEY & FRENCH'S is the place for country Merchants to assort up their Stocks, and no mistake.
April 6th, 1854.

Fresh Arrival of NEW GOODS
By Railroad.
WE have, during the past week, received a large and splendid assortment of DRESS GOODS, black and colored Silks, Grass Cloths, Robe Lawns, Berages, De Laines, Calicoes, Bonnets, Shawls, Mantillas, Ribbons, Embroidery, Cambrics, Handkerchiefs, Gloves, Silk, worsted and cotton Hosiery, Hats, Caps, &c., &c.
A call is solicited from all who want goods cheap.
Country Merchants and Pedlars
will do well to give us a call, as we are determined to sell at WHOLESALE, as well as RETAIL, at a very small profit.
April 15, 1854. J. W. TOWNLEY & Co.

BONNETS—A splendid assortment of all styles, selling from twelve cents to four dollars, by
March 25 J. W. TOWNLEY & Co.

175 Pieces New Styles CALICOES beautiful patterns.
100 pieces Mousline de Laine Lawns, Lawn Robes, De Laine Robes, Ginghams, &c. &c.
For sale by J. W. TOWNLEY & Co.

SHAWLS—In great variety of style and price, selling very cheap by
March 25. J. W. TOWNLEY & Co.

SHAWLS—by Express—a beautiful assortment of all fashionable styles, just received at the Farmer's Depot. H. R. SCHWEGMAN.

Elegant Confections.
PRESERVED GINGER, Candies, Flag Root Gum Drops, for sale by J. D. WERDEN & Co.

Every Family should use the
EXCELSIOR STARCH POLISH for giving a splendid polish to the Linen and Cotton Goods.
DURKEE'S CELEBRATED BAKING POWDERS an efficient substitute for yeasts in Baking.
The approved Flavoring EXTRACTS of Vanilla, Lemons, Celery, &c., &c., for Ice Creams, Jellies, Custards, &c. For sale by
J. D. WERDEN & Co.,
May 26th Calhoun Street.

BONNETS,—Belgrade, French Lace, Florence Braid, Pearl Straw, Coburgh Braid, &c.
Palm Leaf, Straw, and Leghorn HATS.
J. & C. ORFF.

EMBROIDERED Undersleeves, Collars & Handkerchiefs. J. & C. ORFF.

BERAGES, Barages, Delaines, Ginghams, Gingham Lawns, and Lawns, latest styles.
J. & C. ORFF.

NAILS & GLASS.—50 boxes Glass, assorted sizes, 100 kegs Juniata Nails.
H. R. SCHWEGMAN.

CARPETS.
20 Pieces CARPETS from 20 cts. to 9s per yard.
20 do plain and figured matting.
5 do floor oil cloth, for sale by
April 15. J. W. TOWNLEY & Co.

Rare Chances for Bargains
IN
REAL ESTATE.
I offer for sale E ½ of Lot 79 O. P. Fort Wayne, 30 by 150 feet fronting on Main street in rear of Phenix Block. Also, E ½ of S. W. ¼ Sec 7, T. 30, R. 13, E. 11 miles from Fort Wayne, beautifully located on the Ohio and Indiana Railroad—40 acres cleared and newly fenced—the balance timber land.
Also W ½ of S. E ¼ Sec 21, T 30, R 12 E 80 acres—23 miles from Fort Wayne—1 mile from Plank road—8 acres cleared and well improved, the balance heavily timbered with valuable oak and other timber.
Also lots and outlots in the town of New Haven Allen co.
Also 7000 acres of rich timbered land in Milan, Maumee, Jackson and Marion townships, Allen Co.—The lands in Milan Tp., are in sections 31, 35 and 36 and on the line of the Wabash Valley Railroad, as are also some of the lands in Maumee Township. The other lands are on located lines of the Fremont and Tiffin Railroads on which there will be stations at points affording a near and convenient market to the occupants of the lands. They are also on and near the State road on the State line from the canal to the St. Marys River. This road is now in process of being opened.
This body of land is well worthy the attention of French and German immigrants and other persons wishing to form a neighborhood—The railroad and swamp land drains are making these lands as valuable and desirable as any other unimproved land in the county.—*Now is the time to secure homes cheap*—as the prices will be largely advanced on completion of the Railroads.
Also for sale 80 acres of land *with a mill power* on Cedar Creek, in Perry township, Allen county.
Also land in Noble, DeKalb, Whitley, Lagrange, Goshen, Huntington and Adams counties.—Letters of enquiry *post paid* will be promptly answered.
JOSEPH K. EDGERTON.
Fort Wayne, July 13, 1854. 6m4

LINEN SHEETINGS—10-4 and 12-4 Linen Sheeting; also Pillow Case Linen, just received, and for sale by WM. T. ABBOTT.

20 doz. WOODEN PAILS at ORFF'S
Feb. 16, 1854. No. 3 Jones' Block.

WINDOW DRAPERY, embroidered, for sale low. J. & C. ORFF.

Madison, Indianapolis & Peru Railroad.
THIS Road is now in full operation for the transportation of Freight and Passengers.
Passengers Express Train leaves Peru daily, at 5.30 A M., arrives at Indianapolis at 11 A M., Madison, 5 P. M., where passengers take the Lightning Line of Steamers for Cincinnati, reaching the city at 5 A. M., in twenty-four hours from Peru.
Returning leaves Cincinnati at 7 P. M., arrive at Peru at 7 next evening.
No charge for meal or lodging on the boats.
FARE, from Peru to Indianapolis, $2 00
do Peru to Cincinnati, $4 50
E. W. H. ELLIS, President.
Indianapolis, May 22d. 47

Lots in New Haven.
I have for Sale EIGHT CHOICE LOTS in Powers's Addition to New Haven; also TWENTY-THREE LOTS in Edgerton's Addition to the same town.
I also offer for sale SEVEN OUTLOTS adjoining and west of my addition. The outlots contain from 21 and 21 acres.
This property will be sold on liberal terms of payment.
Being the only town in Allen County, except Fort Wayne, having both Railroad and Canal advantages, New Haven offers many inducements to Merchants and others, seeking locations in this county. Three Railroads, viz: the Wabash Valley, the Fremont, and the Tiffin are located through the town. The former road will soon be in operation, bringing New Haven within fifteen minutes ride of Fort Wayne by railroad.
Plats of the property can be seen at my office.
JOSEPH K. EDGERTON.
Fort Wayne June 29th, 1854. 6m52

SILKS.
6 pieces black Italian Silks, 10 pieces figured and plaid Silks, at very low prices and beautiful styles. 50 Black Silk MANTILLAS, very cheap.
For sale by J. W. TOWNLEY & Co.
March 25.

DR. JOHN BULL.

SOMETHING
NEW AND VALUABLE.
The most powerful King on the face of the globe now reigns supreme in the American Republic. The power of the crowned heads of Europe sink into insignificance when compared to our American King.
European kings employ the power vested in them to increase the riches of the rich and lordly, and to reduce to greater misery and degradation, the poor and dependent. Our American King goes forth with equal willingness to the lordly mansion and the humble cabin, ready alike to administer relief, and to offer health and happiness to the lofty and lowly, the rich and the poor.

DR. JOHN BULL'S
GREAT AMERICAN KING
is the True Wonder of the World, and the greatest blessing ever offered to afflicted humanity; to the suffering millions, the lecturer may say, relief is at your command. You have only to use this magical remedy. All those who still suffer, and will not accept the preferred Balm, deserve not the pity of their families.
This wonderful medicine, during the brief period since its introduction, has carried happiness to the hearts of thousands, and made life a charm to many who heretofore regarded it only as a painful and miserable existence.
To the winds with all Liniments, Embrocations, Pain Killers, and Pain Extractors, and let millions of glad tongues proclaim the merits of the great "American King of Pain," a preparation composed solely of vegetables and roots, produced by America's own rich and bounteous soil.
We would ask the Ladies, who are always competent judges of what is and what is not a valuable family medicine, to do us a special favor by giving the King of Pain a single trial, and if satisfactory, exert their influence in its behalf, recommend it, speak well and often of it, and see that it is used by their afflicted neighbors. The ladies are always charitable, and when they induce their suffering friends to use this really valuable medicine, they will be doing an act of benevolence that they can well be proud of. This is a powerful and truly-magical remedy for all external diseases, sores, swellings, burns, &c., and for many internal ailments, it is a certain cure, yet it is perfectly harmless, and incapable of producing the least injurious effects in the most delicate cases or the weakest constitutions.
It is entirely useless to follow the old and worn out system of publishing to the public thousands of certificates of wonders performed by this medicine. It costs but twenty-five cents to try it, and Dr. Bull stakes his well earned reputation on the King of Pain doing all and more than he claims for it.
We would not leave you the Rheumatism or Gout; these are not pleasant companions, and we know that you would like to drive them away as soon as possible, then use
"BULL'S KING OF PAIN."
Would you be cured almost immediately of Bowel Complaint, Dysentery, Summer Complaint, Cholera Morbus, Cramp Cholic, Head Ache, Tooth or any other ache or pain, the remedy is simple and the cure certain,
USE THE GREAT KING OF PAIN.
Would you have your Sores, Swellings, Cuts, Burns, Scalds, Bruises, or any other wounds healed, we repeat it, use the
MAGICAL KING OF PAIN.
Would you be cured of Scald Head, Stiff Joints, Sore Throat, Neuralgia, Sore Breast, Lumbago, Fetter or Ring Worm, Salt Rheum, Bites of Poisonous Insects, Chapped Hands, and all other Sores, either dry or Running, we say again and again, your answer is Dr. John Bull's
"KING OF PAIN."
Would you be cured of King's Evil, Cancer, Tumors, Eruptions, or any disease of the Skin caused by impure blood? Then use Dr. John Bull's Sarsaparilla internally, and the King of Pain externally, nothing can be more certain than a speedy and effectual cure.

DR. JOHN BULL'S
SARSAPARILLA.
This medicine, when used according to directions, will cure, without fail:—
Scrofula, or King's Evil, Cancers, Eruptions of the Skin, Erysipelas, Tumors, Chronic Sore Eyes, Ring Worm or Tetters, Scald Head, Rheumatism, Pains in the Bones or Joints, Old Sores and Ulcers, Swelling of the Glands, Syphilis, Dyspepsia, Salt Rheum, Diseases of the Kidneys, Diseases arising from the use of Mercury, Loss of Appetite, Pain in the Side and Shoulders, General Debility, Lumbago, Coughs, Colds, Dropsy, Jaundice, Costiveness, Bronchitis, Weakness of Chest, Sore Throat, Pulmonary affections, and all other Diseases tending to produce Consumption, Liver Complaints, Female Irregularities and Complaints, Low Spirits, Sick and nervous Headache, Night Sweats, Exposures, or Imprudence in Life, Chronic Constitutional Disease, and as a Spring and Summer Drink, and General Tonic for the System, and a Gentle and Pleasant Purgative, it is superior to Blue Lick and Congress Water, Salts, Seidlitz Powders.

It is a remarkable fact, that among the hundreds of eminent physicians who have examined the recipe by which Bull's Sarsaparilla is prepared, not one has condemned it, but all approve it, and recommend it in the highest terms. Many physicians express themselves strongly in the belief that it is decidedly the best preparation of Sarsaparilla that has ever been placed before the public. Although there are many physicians who feel a reluctance to having their names appended to the recommendation of any particular remedy, notwithstanding they may approve of it in the highest degree; there are others who frankly yield their support in favor of a remedy which they know is capable of doing so much good in an afflicted community. As an evidence, read the following from old and respectable physicians, of high standing in the community in which they live.

TESTIMONY:
Testimony like the following renders superfluous all comments on the efficacy of Bull's Sarsaparilla. From Dr. L. P. Yandell, Professor of Chemistry in the Louisville Medical College: I have looked over the list of ingredients composing John Bull's Compound Extract of Sarsaparilla and have no hesitation in saying that they form a safe compound, and one that promises well in chronic diseases, to which it is applicable.
L. P. YANDELL, M.D.
Louisville, June 6, 1848.

What Dr. Pyles, physician by appointment to the Louisville Marine Hospital, says of Bull's Sarsaparilla:
Louisville, March 30, 1848.
I have examined the prescription for the preparation of John Bull's Sarsaparilla, and I believe the combination to be an excellent one and well calculated to produce an alterative impression on the system. I have used it both in public and private practice, and think it is the best article of Sarsaparilla now in use.
M. PYLES, M. D.
Resident Physician Louisville Marine Hospital.

Better testimony than was ever offered in favor of any medicine. Rev. E. W. Sehon—Rev. E. Stevenson:
Louisville, May 24th, 1848.
We have used John Bull's Sarsaparilla, and have known it to be used, with entire satisfaction; and we have no hesitation in stating our belief, that it is a safe and valuable medical compound, and calculated to produce much good and relieve much suffering; and therefore would cheerfully and most earnestly recommend it to the afflicted.
E. W. SEHON,
(Signed) E. STEVENSON.

We would earnestly invite all persons who are suffering with any of the ills that flesh is heir to, to call on Dr. John Bull's agent, and get a copy of Bull's Family Journal gratis, and for the sake of humanity we hope that a single individual will not be found unwilling to give Bull's Sarsaparilla a trial after reading, and reflecting, at the same time, that it is impossible for the Doctor to publish the tenth part of the number of certificates of astounding cures performed by his Sarsaparilla. The amount of testimony voluntarily showered on Dr. Bull's Sarsaparilla, from well known and distinguished individuals, both in public and private life, has been perfectly overwhelming.
Dr. John Bull's Principal office, West Side Fifth Street, first door below Main, Louisville, Ky.

DR. JOHN BULL'S
PRINCIPAL OFFICE, No. 1, FIFTH ST.,
LOUISVILLE, KY.
FOR SALE BY
DRUGGISTS AND MERCHANTS THROUGHOUT THE UNITED STATES, CANADA, MEXICO, AND THE WEST INDIES.
For sale by WALL & MEYER.
Fort Wayne, Dec 23d, 1854 y25

CITY MILLS.
CLINTON-ST., NORTH SIDE OF CANAL.
THE subscribers will purchase any amount of WHEAT at the highest market rates. They prepared and ready to FLOUR promptly any quantity of Wheat on the most reasonable terms.
Farmers who have *Custom Work or Grists* to grind will always find one more Run of Stone in readiness for this purpose.
All kinds of *Bread Stuffs* and *Mill Feed* at all times for sale. HOAGLAND & COMSTOCK.
Fort Wayne, Aug. 3, 1850. y5

1853. 1853.
Wm. S. EDSALL.
FORWARDING and Commission Merchant, and General Dealer in Produce, Salt, Fish &c.
Warehouse on the canal, Fort Wayne. Liberal Cash advances will be made on property consigned to me for sale in this, Toledo, Buffalo or New York market.
REFER TO
Hugh McCulloch, Esq., Cashier Br. Bank.
Smith & Beal, Toledo,
G. S. Hazard, Esq., Buffalo,
W. A. Howe, New York,
Avery & Yeale, do.

PIANO FORTE WAREROOM.

C. L. HILL, having opened rooms for the sale of

PIANO FORTES,

AND OTHER

Musical Instruments,

would say to the public that he is now receiving a fine stock of Boardman & Gray's celebrated Pianos with and without the

DOLCE CAMPANA ATTACHMENT.

This attachment combines more richness and beauty of tone than was ever before attained in the Piano Forte. Its particular qualities are clearness, brilliancy, delicacy of tone, which falls on the ear with a pleasing softness, like the chiming peals of distant bells.

Messrs. Boardman & Gray's Pianos, besides their other excellences, are warranted to stand great durability and wear longer than any others made.

He has also on hand a fine assortment of *Melodeons, Guitars, Violins, Flutes, &c.* Also Violin and Guitar Strings. In fact, almost every thing in the music line.

He is daily expecting a consignment of Stoddart's superior Piano Fortes. Oct 16.

250 Bushels DRIED APPLES for sale by J. W. TOWNLEY & Co.

CHOICE HAVANA CIGARS always on hand at the City Drug Store. J. D. W. & Co.

Book Bindery!

C. L. HILL would respectfully inform the public that he has established a BOOK BINDERY in the 2nd story of his Book Store, where he is prepared to do every description of work, in the above branch of business, in the best style. His machinery is all new and of the most approved kind.

He is prepared to furnish BLANK BOOKS for county officers, of any pattern. Also BLANKS of all kinds he will furnish as low as any establishment in the State.

Persons having Magazines, &c., can have them bound to any pattern, and are requested to bring them in.

CARPETS, Floor Oil Cloth, and Straw Matting, at old No. 3. J. & C. ORFF.

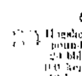
GROCERIES.

?? Hogsheads SUGAR, by the hogshead, bbl or pound,
24 bbls Molasses,
100 kegs Nails,
50 boxes 8x10, 10x12, and 12x14 Glass,
5 tierces Rice,
and a general assortment of Family Groceries. J. & C. ORFF

STONEWARE—10,000 Gallons, all sizes. J. & C. ORFF

CARPET BAGS and SATCHELS, all qualities and prices. J. & C. ORFF

Hats—Fall Fashion—for 1853



BEEBE'S NEW YORK FALL STYLE OF HATS now on hand at the City Hat Store, sign of the Big Hat, west of Wall & Meyer's Drug Store. p3md

JAMES CHENEY,

Banking and Exchange Office,

Calhoun st. two doors north of Spencer House, FORT WAYNE, IND.

REFERENCES:
A. C. [illegible], 61 Beaver Street, N. Y.;
[illegible], Cashier Branch State Bank, Toledo, O.;
[illegible] Gibson, Defiance, O.;
[illegible], Lafayette, Ind.

Exchange on New York sold at reasonable rates.—Collections promptly attended to — Interest allowed on time deposits. p1y13

Woolen Shawls.

100 NEW SHAWLS Long and Square, from the Bay State, Empire State and Waterloo and a ton of English and Scotch, &c. beautiful, for sale so low that no person can [illegible], now ready for sale at the Boston Dry Goods Store. WM. T. ABBOTT.

Plain DeLaines.

HANDSOME PLAIN DELAINES for *one shilling* a yard may be found at the Boston Dry Goods Store. WM. T. ABBOTT.

Cheap Linens.

ANOTHER lot of those nice IRISH LINENS, cheaper than ever, just opened at 55 Columbia Street. Sept. 12th 1854. WM. T. ABBOTT.

Black and Fancy Doe Skins.

A LARGE assortment of German and Fancy Doe Skins at astonishingly low prices, at ... 12th 1854. WM. T. ABBOTT.

Embroidered Curtains.

?? PIECES New Style Curtain Muslins just received and for sale by ... 12th 1854. WM. T. ABBOTT.

Wide Silk Velvets.

BLACK, Brown, Purple and Blue, for sale at the Boston Dry Goods Store ... 20th 1854. WM. T. ABBOTT.

Ready Made Talmas.

TWO DOZEN Cloth Talma's this day received and for sale by WM. T. ABBOTT. September 20.

Ladies' Cloths

FOR Cloaks and Talma's, Black, Brown, Drab and Tan, colors constantly on hand and for sale by WM. T. ABBOTT.

All Wool DeLaines,

50 PIECES of the best quality, embracing every desirable shade in the market, for sale so low that we don't like to tell the price in the papers. Sept 20th, 1854. WM. T. ABBOTT.

JUSTICE'S DOCKETS.

C. L. HILL would respectfully inform the Justices of the Peace of Allen and surrounding counties, that he has just manufactured a large lot of Dockets under the new Revised Statutes they are required to procure. Each Docket is neatly lettered and ruled, together with name of Township &c. &c. 16

Fresh Arrival of New Goods.

WE have this week received a large stock of Fancy and Staple Dry Goods suited to the wants of our customers. One of our firm, J. W. Townley, has been in New York the past six weeks, purchasing and will be sending us new Goods by Railroad, almost daily, for the next month.

On Monday, we are expecting THIRTY BOXES of Goods; among them are many desirable styles of Spring Dress Goods, Silks, Lawns, Bonnets, Gloves, Mitts, &c. &c. A call is solicited from all who are in want of desirable Spring Goods.

137 J. W. TOWNLEY & Co.

Provision Agency Store,

Next door East of No. 3, Jones Block. FORT WAYNE, IND.

THE subscriber has established himself in the above business, and is prepared to furnish, at Wholesale or Retail

White Fish, Trout,

Pickerell, Bass, Bay Fish, Cat Fish,

AND SHADE,

At the same or less than Toledo prices.

Western Reserve Cheese, Salt, Flour, Pork, Lard &c. agent for Smith's Superior Rectified Whiskey, and prepared to receive and sell on commission all kinds of provisions.

All business attended to with promptness and dispatch. MOSES DRAKE Jr. March 10, 1854. 136

Groceries, Wholesale and Retail.

JUST received at the Farmers' Depot, and for sale, wholesale or retail, at the lowest rates:
20 hogsheads New Orleans Sugar,
2 " " " clarified,
15 bbl. Molasses,
10 half bbl. "
15 bbl. Vinegar,
54 bags Coffee,
250 bushels Dried Apples,
and a full stock of Groceries generally.
April 21. H. R. SCHWEGMAN.

FURS, Deer Skins, Hides, Rags, Tallow and Lard wanted at the *Farmers' Depot.* H. R. SCHWEGMAN.

THOMAS DOUGLASS,

5 Platt Street, N. Y.,

IMPORTER AND DEALER

in every description of Foreign & Domestic

HARDWARE.

Heavy English Goods by the Package.

SOLE AGENT FOR

BEE'S BRACES, TURNBUCKLES, &c.

[illegible]

of the Premium [illegible] for Virginia Augers and Bits, [illegible] Solid and Frame Chisels, Hollow Augers &c.

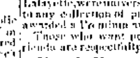
AGENT FOR BURLINGTON WAGON AXLES,

Daly, [illegible] & Co., Manufacturers, Burlington, Vermont.

June 16th, 1854. 1y50

REAL PREMIUM DAGUERREOTYPES

[illegible verse]



Mr. A. McDONALD returns his sincere thanks to the citizens of Fort Wayne and vicinity for their liberal patronage, and respectfully invites them to call, examine specimens of his pictures, and see the perfection to which the Daguerrean art has arrived.

His Pictures exhibited at the late State Fair at Lafayette, were universally admitted to be far superior to any collection of pictures there, for which he was awarded a Premium and Diploma.

Those who want perfect copies of themselves or friends are respectfully invited to call and see the

Real Premium Pictures

(not those styled so only by the advertiser) at Mr. McDonald's Rooms, No 3 Phoenix Block, Calhoun street.

Instructions given in the Art, and Apparatus and Materials furnished on the lowest terms.

We, the undersigned, who attended the late State Fair at La Fayette, take pleasure in certifying that Mr. A. McDonald's Daguerreotypes were universally admitted (as far as we heard any expression) to be far superior to any exhibited at the Fair.

Mrs Samuel Edsall,	Wm Rockhill,
Mrs. T. N. Hood,	E. C. N. [illegible],
Miss Letitia Hamilton,	A. J. Avery,
Miss [illegible] Edsall,	Joshua Holmes,
Dr. E. Pearse,	C. W. [illegible],
T. N. Hood,	[illegible] Story,
Mrs Mary [illegible],	P. C. Kendall,
John Stapleford,	Chauncey Oakley,
James Vandegriff,	Wm Hamilton.

BUTTER WANTED.

THE highest Market Price will be paid at the Farmers' Depot for good fresh butter.

Firkins supplied to those farmers who wish to pack their butter ready for market. H. R. SCHWEGMAN.

500 KEGS JUNIATE NAILS for sale low, at No. 123 & 125 Columbia st. R. W. TAYLOR

10 Bbls TANNER'S OIL, for sale by R. W. TAYLOR.

60 Bbls NEW ORLEANS SUGAR for sale by R. W. TAYLOR, No. 125 west end Columbia st.

VINEGAR! VINEGAR!! VINEGAR!!!

A FEW Barrel Cider Vinegar can be had at No. 85 Columbia street. WILLIAMS & HUESTIS.

Buckwheat Flour.

A Choice article, by the 100 lbs. or small quantity can be had at WILLIAMS & HUESTIS, No. 85 Columbia street.

MOLASSES! MOLASSES!!

00 Bbls extra New Orleans Molasses can be bought at a small advance above the Southern market. WILLIAMS & HUESTIS. Wholesale Grocery Store, No. 85 Columbia street.

C. L. HILL has just received a fresh supply of the CHRISTIAN MINSTREL, SACRED MELODEON, and a heavy lot of Bonnet Board, all of which will be sold at the lowest figures. Fort Wayne, July 11, 1854.

2,000 Cords Bark Wanted

At $2.50 per cord, cash, delivered at our Tannery on the Feeder canal. H. C. GREY & Co.

Country Merchants & Grocers,

INSTEAD of going to Toledo or Cincinnati to purchase Groceries, you will find it much to your interest to purchase of WILLIAMS & HUESTIS, Wholesale Grocers, No. 85, Columbia street, Fort Wayne. By so doing you will save the expense of going further and, in many cases, the entire cost of freight.

Williams & Huestis having made their purchases with direct reference to the country trade, *are selling at a very small advance above the Eastern and Cincinnati prices.*

☞ Don't forget the place No. 85 Columbia street.

About Medicine.

SEEING the world is full of new Medicines, if any person would introduce still another, in the midst of competition, what is to be done? There is nothing to be done, if the medicine is good, that we know of, only to write the truth about it, in plain language, and let the article stand on its own merits, by speaking for itself through its cures. Of the purely natural Remedy obtained from a *Salt Well*, 400 *feet deep*, in *Pennsylvania*,

KIER'S ROCK OIL,

We observe that as it *cures* various diseases, it will not do to class it among the humbugs,—although it is too much to say it will cure every body every time. Few, very few, however, among the multitudes now using it, are disappointed. Used as it is, both EXTERNALLY and INTERNALLY, it stands the greater chance of reaching the seat of disease. There are various kinds of old Petroleum—offensive to smell and taste. Many of the Liniments of the day (and some are very good) are compounded in part with some kind of Rock Oil. Hence it stands to reason that if a Petroleum can be had which can be swallowed it must be good, and thus, *Kier's Oil*, having that advantage, is the very essence and quintessence of medicine. It doctors the whole man, from head to foot—flesh and blood—skin and bones, and eradicates Disease and the cause of Disease—root and branch.

Just tied in a bag this language, as the Proprietors are, from personal observation for the last two or three years, as well as from constantly accumulating testimony—Letters—Certificates—printed, and written, and verbal Statements—we do not feel at liberty to hold back the result from the people—it would not be right.

IF YOU OBJECT

that it is said to cure too many diseases to be good.— We reply—We cannot tell how it is, but so it is—that it cures so many diseases—and it is no affair of ours—it is the good fortune of the afflicted. We suppose it is just as easy for NATURE to make a Remedy for the whole man as part of a man—she never leaves her work half done. Another thing—we do not have as many diseases as we think. Take for instance

SCROFULA—or KING'S EVIL and all those Diseases having their origin in a depraved condition of the blood, and other fluids of the body,—this Oil will eradicate them with little cost. And yet there are perhaps a dozen different manifestations of Scrofula, in the same or in different persons—and some people call them different diseases, which will never do. It was the opinion of the late Dr. *Rush*, Philadelphia, that there existed in *Nature* an antidote to every malady to which man is liable.

REFERENCES.

We add a few cures from the many certificates at hand:

RHEUMATISM.—G. N. Spencer, Three Rivers, Mich.; F. H. Bencker, Cincinnati (both inflammatory); H. Folmer, D. I. Co., Ind.; P. H. Millbank, 65 years old, Elmo. Take teaspoonful 3 times a day and bathe.

COUGH.—Rev. B. Halsted, John Watt, W. Day (for breast and lungs), Pittsburgh. Teaspoonful 3 times a day.

SORE EYES.—J. C. Fisher, La Grange Centre; J. M. Mead, Mishawaka; S. Nigh, Hagerstown. Apply 2 or 3 times a day, and if there is a scrofulous tendency, dose 3 times a day. Allow a little to get under the lid.

PILES.—F. C. Garretson, Cin.; Mr. Shell, Allen Co., Ind.; J. M. Marshall, Salisbury, and others.— use internally and externally.

DIARRHŒA.—J. Donavan, Indianapolis, grandson, 2 years old, of diarrhea from his birth. H. Wise, Pittsburgh, dose every three hours.

AGUE.—J. G. Jones, Terre Haute, Dec. 29, 1853—wife and 2 children cured of *inveterate ague*, and many others. Dose every 3 hours in absence of the fever.

DOCTOR J. FLATERRY, Columbus, writes that in his practice Kier's Petroleum has superseded the use of Cod Liver Oil for the Lungs, and he uses it exclusively for Diarrhea and Dysentery, Scrofulous affections and Enlargements of the Spleen.

Price 50 cents. For sale by H. B. REED, WALL & MEYER, J. COLLINS, and Mr. WAGNER, Fort Wayne.

R. M. LYON, *Proprietor.*

Fort Wayne, January 24. 1y29

NEW HARDWARE.

H. DURRIE,

No 81 Columbia St. (Sign of the Padlock.)

HAVING received his fall supplies, offers the most complete assortment of HARDWARE in all its branches ever offered by any one in this place of

AMERICAN & FOREIGN BAR IRON,

CAST STEEL, NAILS, GLASS,

Axles, Eliptic Springs, Anvils, Bellows, Vices,

and other heavy goods; the assortment will compare with any west of the Lake.

MECHANICS will find an assortment of TOOLS fully up to the times *in shape*, and *warranted quality.*

Building Materials

of all kinds, including Nails, Sash and Glass, of all sizes. DOOR TRIMMINGS of all the most approved patterns now in use.

FARMER'S GOODS.

comprising every kind of Chains, from a Halter to a Log Chain, Shovels, Spades, Scoops, Grubbing Hoes, Forks, &c. &c.

Saddlers' Hardware & Gunsmiths' Trimmings.

of a greater variety than is usually found.

TABLE & POCKET CUTLERY,

Plated and Britannia Castors, Table Forks & Spoons

SOLAR LAMPS,

And a variety of new Fluid Lamps, Britannia Tea Setts, Curtain Cornices and Bands, and an assortment of HOUSE FURNISHING GOODS of all qualities.

Fort Wayne, Aug 31st, 1853.

Proclamation to the Invalids of Syracuse

$1,000 REWARD!

PULVERMACHER'S

Hydro-Electric Voltaic Chains

ARE for the first time introduced to the people of Syracuse and vicinity, and the most convenient, effectual and strictly scientific mode of instantly relieving and permanently curing all

NERVOUS DISEASES.

Now we know that an announcement similar to the above meets the eye of the reader almost daily, and perhaps the [illegible] may be classed with many others. But listen or you do injustice. It is claimed that Pulvermacher's Electric Chain is the only magnetic remedial agent that is secured by patent granted by this government, on the ground that it was a strictly useful and scientific article. The Chains are now on exhibition at the Crystal Palace and attract much attention from the thousands who daily visit it.

MODE OF USE.

The manner of using the Chain is very simple. The chain is first moistened with common vinegar, and then one end of the chain is applied to the part where the pain is located and the other end opposite to the first. The ends of the chain should never touch each other. At the moment of application the most acute pain is instantly relieved, which it is located, by the passing through the part a constant current of uninterrupted electro-magnetism. In the following diseases, no other remedy has ever given such complete and perfect satisfaction to the patient as Pulvermacher's Electric Chains: Rheumatism, Painful and swelled Joints, Pains in the Back, Deafness, Blindness, Paralysis, Neuralgia in the Face, Long standing Nervous Headache, Palpitation of the Heart, General Debility, Dyspepsia, Female Diseases, Asthma, Contracted Joints, &c.

1000 DOLLARS

will be given to any person who will produce so many well authenticated certificates of cure from intelligent patients and scientific physicians of these diseases as have been obtained by the use of the Electric Chain during the past year.

ANOTHER FACT.

It is truly the fact that wherever the electric chains have been introduced, Bottles & nostrums and common hand bills greatly diminished in sale, people having become disgusted with the practice of using their stomach for drug shops.

RECOMMENDATIONS.

The Electric Chains are highly recommended by Professors Mott, Van Buren, Post and Carnochan, of New York, who also ordinarily use in every Hospital in that city. The chains will last for years, are always ready for use, and produce no injurious results, when used as directed.

FEMALE DISEASES.

The introduction of the Electric Chain into this country is the dawn of a new era in medicine. During the last twenty years, it can safely be estimated that ten thousand females have died yearly from this one disease

PROLAPSUS UTERI.

It is well known to medical men that this common disease is beyond the reach of medicine, and that in proportion to the amount of medicine given, the more the patient is thrown to [illegible], and sooner will death close the scene.

During the last 2 years more than *one thousand cases of Prolapsus Uteri* (falling of the womb) have been permanently cured in England and France. Most of these cases were ladies of high standing, who had previously tried all other kinds of treatment with no benefit. Among the distinguished ladies that have been cured in Paris is the present Queen of France. In this country, during the last year, one hundred cases have been cured in the city of New York, many who have allowed their names to be published for the benefit of those suffering with similar complaints. The mode of use is simply to apply one end of a 20 link chain to the spine just above the hips, and the other end upon the abdomen, and allow the chain to remain for one hour. This is to be repeated four times during the twenty-four hours.

CHRONIC RHEUMATISM.

The Electric Chains never fail to relieve the severe pains and swelling incident to this disease. The worst forms of this disease readily yield to a few applications of a chain, and in no single instance have they failed to give instant relief, if they did not effect a permanent cure. All persons who are victims of this painful and [illegible] complaint, are kindly invited to call and obtain a pamphlet of Post & Farrington, agents for Syracuse, who will also explain their mode of use.

The electric chains can be sent by mail to any part of the United States, by addressing (post paid) any of the agents in the principal cities, or Joseph Steinert, 567 Broadway, New York.

CARD TO LADIES.

Ladies who are *enceinte* are requested not to wear them only for a few minutes at each application, for by long continued use miscarriage is frequently produced.

[illegible], Bullard & Co., and Post & Farrington, Agents for Syracuse and vicinity.

JOSEPH STEINERT, Gen. Agent, 568 Broadway, N. Y.

For sale by WALL & MEYER, *Big Iron Mortar*, No. 95, Columbia st. FORT WAYNE. Feb. 17, 1854. y—53

Liver Complaint,

DYSPEPSIA, JAUNDICE,

Chronic or Nervous

Debility, Disease of the Kidney, and all Diseases arising from a Disordered Liver or Stomach,

Such as Constipation, Inward Piles, Fullness of Blood to the Head, Acidity of the Stomach, Nausea, Heartburn, Disgust for Food, Fullness of Weight in the Stomach, Sour Eructations, Sinking or Fluttering at the Pit of the Stomach, Swimming of the Head, Hurried and Difficult Breathing, Fluttering at the Heart, Choking or Suffocating when in a lying posture, Dimness of Vision, Dots or Webs before the sight, Fever and Dull Pain in the Head, Deficiency of Perspiration, Yellowness of the Skin and Eyes, Pain in the Side, Back, Chest, Limbs, &c., Sudden Flushes of Heat, Burning of the Flesh, Constant Imaginings of Evil, and Great Depression of Spirits,

CAN BE EFFECTUALLY CURED BY

DR. HOOFLAND'S

Celebrated German Bitters,

PREPARED BY

DR. C. M. JACKSON,

No. 120 Arch St., Philadelphia.

Their power over the above diseases is not excelled, if equalled, by any other preparation in the United States, as the cures attest, in many cases after skilful physicians had failed.

These Bitters are worthy the attention of invalids. Possessing great virtues in the rectification of diseases of the Liver and lesser glands, exercising the most searching powers in weakness and affections of the digestive organs, they are withal, safe, certain and pleasant.

READ AND BE CONVINCED.

"The Bitters mixture is, without doubt, the greatest medicine extant for diseases of the Liver and Bowels. A stubborn case of Chronic Diarrhea has come under our notice, wherein the patient has exhausted the Materia Medicas of the different schools of medicine, with no apparent benefit. He was induced to use these bitters, and a few bottles of them entirely cured him. Many such cases we could refer to. We hope our readers will recollect this great restorative, should they be so unfortunate as to require its use. Dr. Jackson possesses the original unpublished receipt of Dr. Hoofland, and he prepares this medicine with great care. Those purchasing should call at his store, or see that his name is written upon the wrapper outside, and blown in the bottle, as imitations of all good articles are common."—*Philadelphia Democrat (German).*

Sold by H. B. REED, and WALL & MEYER, Fort Wayne, and all Dealers in Medicines everywhere.

Jan 21th, 1851. y51

NEW GOODS.

No. 79 GRANITE STORE. OAKLEY & FRENCH No. 79 GRANITE STORE.

WOULD respectfully say to their friends and the public, that they are now receiving their Spring and Summer stock of Goods, which they flatter themselves is more complete than ever before offered in this market.

We have a very fine assortment of Table and Pocket

CUTLERY.

A superior stock of all kinds of Culinary ware — A large supply of

HOUSE TRIMMINGS,

Locks, Latches, Butts, Screws, and all the little fixtures necessary to Trim a Cabin or Mansion.

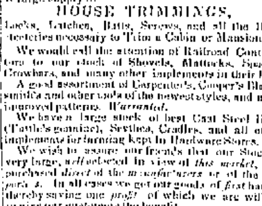
We would call the attention of Railroad Contractors to our stock of Shovels, Mattocks, Spades, Crowbars, and many other implements in their line.

A good assortment of Carpenter's, Cooper's, Blacksmith's and other tools of the newest styles, and most improved patterns. *Warranted.*

We have a large stock of best Cast Steel Hoes (Tuttle's genuine), Scythes, Cradles, and all other implements for farming kept in Hardware Stores.

We wish to assure our friends that our Stock is very large, *well* selected in view of *this market*, and purchased *direct* of the *manufacturers* or of the *importers*. In all cases we get our goods of *first hands*, thereby saving one *profit* of which we are willing to give our customers the benefit.

STOVES.



We have received a fine assortment, and our supply will be kept up all summer.

We are prepared to supply Merchants with any quantity of

TIN-WARE

at short notice; and all orders for our goods will be sent up with dispatch and correctness, at prices that will be advantageous to the purchasers.

We are prepared to do *all* kinds of Job, or House work in the Tin, Copper and Sheet Iron line. All work warranted.

May 7, 1853.

THE LARGEST

SILK RIBBON, AND TRIMMING

HOUSE IN NEW YORK.

THOMAS G. STEARNS,

IMPORTER AND JOBBER OF

Silks, Millinery, and Fancy Goods,

At Net Cash Prices—Time granted by adding interest.

162 Broadway, N. Y.

HAS now in store, and is daily receiving and offering at the lowest Prices, a complete assortment of Goods in his line, comprising all the various styles and designs, consisting of

Black and Fancy Silks,

Marcelines, Florences, Shawls, Trimmings

Bonnet Ribbons.

TAFFETA AND SATIN RIBBONS,

DRESS TRIMMINGS OF ALL KINDS,

EMBROIDERIES,

French and English Crapes, Crape Lisses, Silk Cravats, Gloves of all kinds, Silk Lace Mitts, Barages, Laces, White Goods, Hosiery, L. H. Hdkfs.

The undersigned would invite the Merchants from the North, South, East, West, when in the City, to favor him with a call, and examine his stock before purchasing.

THOMAS G. STEARNS, 162 Broadway. Between Liberty street and Maiden Lane, N. Y. 126

JOHN BROWN,

DEALER IN

STONE AND LIME,

New York and Louisville Cement, and Plaster of Paris.

The above articles kept constantly on hand at his new stone Building, north of the canal, near the City Mills. y19

H. C. GREY & CO.

HAVING their TANNERY completed and in full operation, are now receiving at their store, corner of Columbia and Clinton streets, under the Telegraph Office, a full assortment of

Eastern and Imported Leather,

FINDINGS, SHOE THREADS, &c.,

which they offer for sale at reasonable prices. As they give their exclusive attention to the leather and finding business, they hope to be able to give complete satisfaction. Country orders promptly filled. All articles ordered may be returned at our expense if not satisfactory.

☞ HIDES wanted at the Highest Market Prices. Sept. 10, 1853. y10pd

Cabinet & Chair Making.

GRIEBEL & KNOTE having commenced business in the store lately occupied by W. & J. Paul, in Clinton St., two doors south of Columbia, invite the public to examine their

Furniture and Chairs,

which will be found to be of the best and most substantial workmanship, and warranted made of good seasoned lumber. Chairs, Tables, Stands, Bureaus, Bedsteads, and all other kinds of furniture kept for sale or made to order on the lowest terms.

UNDERTAKING.

They also have a Hearse and a Carriage, and will keep COFFINS of all sizes and descriptions.

LOUIS GRIEBEL. JULIUS KNOTE. Sept. 16. 1yr

WALL & MEYER,

WHOLESALE & RETAIL DEALERS IN

Drugs, Medicines, Chemicals,

PAINTS, OILS, VARNISHES, DYESTUFFS,

Patent Medicines, Surgical Instruments, Glassware, Window Glass, Brushes, of all kinds;

Pure Wines & Brandies,

Perfumery, Soaps, and Fancy Articles,

ARE constantly receiving fresh supplies of all articles in their line direct from New York and Boston.

Country Merchants and Physicians are respectfully invited to call and examine our stock. All Drugs and Medicines will be warranted pure and unadulterated, having been selected with care from some of the best Eastern Houses.

Fort Wayne, Sept. 6th., 1853.

At the Mammoth Cave

Will be seen a large stock of

DRY GOODS,

Groceries, Hardware, Boots, Shoes, Hats & Caps,

And large assortment of

READY MADE CLOTHING,

and any quantity of NOTIONS just received and for sale low for cash by

Oct. 15. y15 T. STAPLEFORD & Co.

30 Kegs Shoenberger's Nails, 20 boxes assorted Glass, at ORFFS No. 3 Jones' Block. Feb. 1854.

Roots! Roots! Roots!

NOTICE TO ROOT DIGGERS.

THE following kind of Roots will be bought at the Farmers' Depot, for which the highest price will be paid. The Roots must be washed clean and well dried.

Ginseng,	Sarsaparilla,
Seneca Snake Root,	Blood Root,
Golden Seal,	Solomon Seal Root (large white),
Canada Snake,	
Unicorn,	Ladies Slipper,
Beth Root,	Blue Flag without fibre,
Black Root,	Sweet Cicely.
Elm Bark (brittle & white)	

H. R. SCHWEGMAN.

Carter's Spanish Mixture,

The Great Purifier of the Blood.

NOT A PARTICLE OF MERCURY IN IT.

AN INFALLIBLE REMEDY for Scrofula, King's Evil, Rheumatism, Obstinate Cutaneous Eruptions, Pimples or Pustules on the Face, Blotches, Boils, Chronic Sore Eyes, Ring Worm or Tetter, Scald Head, Enlargement and Pain of the Bones and Joints, Stubborn Ulcers, Syphilitic Disorders, Lumbago, Spinal Complaints, and all Diseases arising from an injudicious use of Mercury, Imprudence in Life, or Impurity of the Blood.

This valuable Medicine, which has become celebrated for the number of extraordinary cures its agency, has induced the proprietors, at the urgent request of their friends, to offer it to the public, which they do with the utmost confidence in its virtues and wonderful curative properties. The following certificates, selected from a large number, are, however, stronger testimony than the mere word of the proprietors; and are all from gentlemen well known in their localities, and of the highest respectability, many of them residing in the city of Richmond, Va.

P. BOYDEN, Esq., of the Exchange Hotel, Richmond, known every where, says he has seen the Medicine called Carter's Spanish Mixture administered in over a hundred cases, in nearly all the diseases for which it is recommended, with the most astonishingly good results. He says it is the most extraordinary medicine he has ever seen.

AGUE AND FEVER—GREAT CURE.—I hereby certify, that for three years I had Ague and Fever of the most violent description. I had several Physicians, took large quantities of Quinine, Mercury, and I believe all the Tonics advertised, but all without any permanent relief. At last I tried Carter's Spanish Mixture, two bottles of which effectually cured me, and I am happy to say I have had neither Chills or Fevers since. I consider it the best Tonic in the world and the only medicine that ever reached my case. JOHN LONG. Beaver Dam, near Richmond, Va.

C. B. LUCK, Esq., now in the city of Richmond, and for many years in the Post Office, has such confidence in the astonishing efficacy of Carter's Spanish Mixture, that he has bought upwards of 50 bottles, which he has given away to the afflicted. Mr. Luck says he has never known it to fail when taken according to directions.

DR. MINGE, a practising Physician, and formerly of the City Hotel, in the city of Richmond, says he has witnessed in a number of instances the effects of Carter's Spanish Mixture which were most truly surprising. He says in a case of Consumption, dependent on the Liver, the good effects were wonderful indeed.

SAMUEL M. DRINKER, of the firm of Drinker & Morris, Richmond, was cured of Liver Complaint of 8 years standing, by the use of two bottles of Carter's Spanish Mixture.

GREAT CURE OF SCROFULA.—The Editors of the Richmond Republican had a servant employed in their press room, cured of violent Scrofula, combined with Rheumatism, which entirely disabled him from work. Two bottles of Carter's Spanish Mixture made a perfect cure of him, and the Editors, in a public notice, say they "cheerfully recommend it to all who are afflicted with any disease of the blood."

STILL ANOTHER CURE OF SCROFULA.—I had a very valuable boy cured of Scrofula by Carter's Spanish Mixture. I consider it truly a valuable medicine. JAMES M. TAYLOR, Conductor on the R. F. & P. R. R. Co., Richmond, Va.

SALT RHEUM OF 20 YEARS STANDING CURED.

MR. JOHN THOMPSON, residing in the city of Richmond, was cured by three bottles of Carter's Spanish Mixture, of Salt Rheum, which he had nearly 20 years, and which all the physicians of the city could not cure. Mr. Thompson is a well known merchant in the city of Richmond, Va., and his cure is most remarkable.

WM. A. MATTHEWS, of Richmond, had a servant cured of Syphilis in the worst form, by Carter's Spanish Mixture. He says he cheerfully recommends it, and considers it an invaluable medicine.

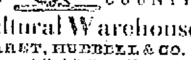
RICHARD WEST, of Richmond, was cured of Scrofula, and what Physicians called confirmed Consumption, by three bottles of Carter's Spanish Mixture.

EDWIN BURTON, commissioner of the revenue says he has seen the good effects of Carter's Spanish Mixture in a number of Syphilitic cases, and says it is a perfect cure for that horrid disease.

WM. G. HARWOOD, of Richmond, cured of Old Sores and Ulcers, which disabled him from walking. Took a few bottles of Carter's Spanish Mixture, and was enabled to walk without a crutch, in a short time permanently cured.

BENNETT & BEERS, No. 125, Main Street, Richmond Va.

And for sale by H. B. REED, WALL & MAYER Fort Wayne and by Dealers in Medicine everywhere. July 7 y1

ALLEN  COUNTY

Agricultural Warehouse

COMPARET, HUBBELL & CO.

Agents for Emery & Co.'s Railroad Horse Power, and Improved Premium Separators, and Dealers in Farming Machinery and Implements,

HAVE completed an addition to their forwarding and commission house expressly for

Agricultural Implements,

where may be found all the New Labor saving Machines so much needed by our farmers. Any desired article can be ordered if not on hand.

May 1st 1852.

Composition Cement Roofing.

THE subscriber has made arrangement and procured the necessary materials for covering buildings with the popular Composition and Gravel Roofing. This system of Roofing has given universal satisfaction wherever it has been introduced, and is rapidly superceding all others. Its great advantages of durability, cheapness, tightness, and perfect safety from fire recommend it to all persons erecting good buildings. Though fully equal to tin in every respect, the cost is less than one half—but little more in fact than pine shingles.

For specimens the public are invited to examine the new 4 story Cabinet Shop of J. M. Miller; and Cooper's new Car Factory, south of A. Hamilton.

HENRY CHAMBERLAIN. Oct. 10. y16

HENRY WILLIAMS. A. C. HUESTIS.

WILLIAMS & HUESTIS.

Wholesale and Retail Grocers,

No. 85 Columbia street, Fort Wayne, Constantly keep on hand

Groceries of all Kinds,

Such as Tea, Sugar, Molasses, Raisins, Spices, Tobacco, Soap, Candles, Baggy and Door Mats, Tubs, Buckets, Wash Boards,

AXES, NAILS, GLASS,

Sash, Stone and Earthenware, Glassware, Flour, Cheese, Cotton Batting, Cotton Yarn, Dyestuffs, Hatchets, Shovels, Lead, Powder, Gun Caps, Forks, Well and Halter Ropes, Wrapping Paper, Wrapping Twine, Candle Wicking, &c., &c.

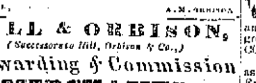
COUNTRY MERCHANTS

Will save money by purchasing their Groceries of WILLIAMS & HUESTIS, as they sell at a very small advance above Eastern and Cincinnati market.

FARMERS

will at all times receive the highest cash price for all kinds of produce.

Fort Wayne, January 6th, 1853



J. R. HILL, A. M. ORBISON

HILL & ORBISON,

(Successors to Hill, Orbison & Co.,)

Forwarding & Commission MERCHANTS.

FORT WAYNE, IA.

☞ *Liberal advances made on Produce.* ☜

REFERENCES:

E. Haskell & Co., *Toledo.*	Ayres & Tunis, *New York*
Smith, Robinson & Co. "	Kent, Paeg & Co. "
Collins, Brown & Co. "	Kimberley, Pope & Co., *Buffalo*
Peckham & Scott. "	C. McKennell & Co. *Cincinnati*
Field & King, "	John Ranch, *Dayton*
Kirk & Lawton, *Piqua, Ohio.*	R. S. Mayo, *Troy, O.*

Fort Wayne, September 15, 1854.

Piano Forte Warehouse.

At Manufacturer's Prices.

T. P. ANDERSON, agent for G. Gilbert, and Lemuel Gilbert, Piano Forte Manufacturers, of Boston, has a splendid collection of

Æolian and Boudoir Pianos

now on hand, at his room, in Hamilton's Block, over Teller's Shoe Store, to which he invites the attention of the public. The

BOUDOIR PIANOS

for compactness of form, beauty of style, delicacy of touch, power and quality of tone, *surpass all others* ever made in this country. Their peculiar form and construction render the tone so rich, varied and powerful, as entirely to preclude the possibility of being appreciated without being heard.

He is also agent for the sale of

Carhart's Patent Melodeons,

which for quality of Tone and Finish are universally admitted to be superior to anything of the kind ever before offered to the public.

All instruments sold by him are warranted. October 29, 1852. 1y7

MEDICATED INHALATION

A New Method.

A MOST WONDERFUL DISCOVERY has recently been made by Dr. CURTIS, for the cure of Asthma, Consumption, Bronchitis, Coughs, Colds and all Lung Complaints, by Medicated Inhalation. Dr. CURTIS'S HYGEANA, or INHALING HYGEAN VAPOR and CHERRY SYRUP, has accomplished the most wonderful cures of Asthma and Consumption in the city of New York and vicinity for a few months past, ever known to man. It is producing an impression on Diseases of the Lungs never before witnessed by the Medical Profession.—(See certificates in hands of Agents.)

The Inhaler is worn on the breast, under the linen, without the least inconvenience, the heat of the body being sufficient to evaporate the fluid,—supplying the lungs constantly with a healing and agreeable vapor, passing into all the air-cells and passages of the lungs that cannot possibly be reached by other medicine.

Here is a case:

ASTHMA CURED.

Brooklyn, N.Y., Dec 29th, 1851.

For about eight years I have been severely afflicted with the Asthma; for the last I have suffered beyond all my powers of description; months at a time I have not been able to sleep in bed, getting what rest I could sitting in my chair. My difficulty of breathing and my sufferings were so great at times, that for hours together my friends expected each hour would be my last. During the past six years I have had the attendance of some of the most celebrated physicians, but have received no permanent benefit, and but little relief. I at length had the good fortune to procure Dr. Curtis's Hygeana or Inhaling Hygean Vapor and Cherry Syrup. At the time I first obtained it, I was suffering under one of my most violent attacks, and was in great distress, almost suffocating for want of breath. In less than ten minutes from the time I applied the Inhaler to my stomach, and took a teaspoonful of the Cherry Syrup, I was relieved in a great measure from the difficulty of breathing, and had a comfortable night. I have since continued it with the greatest possible benefit, and am now comparatively well. God only knows the amount of suffering this medicine has relieved me from. My advice to the suffering is, TRY IT.

MARGARET EASTON.

CONSUMPTION CURED.

New York, Dec 27th, 1853.

I came to New York in the ship Telegraph; my native place is St. John's, New Brunswick; when I reached this city, my health was very poor, had a very bad cough, raised a good deal of matter, which was frequently mixed with blood; had pain in my left side, and was very weak and emaciated. My friends and physician pronounced my case Consumption, and beyond the reach of medicine. I accidentally heard of Dr. Curtis's Hygeana, or Inhaling Hygean Vapor and Cherry Syrup, and obtained a package, which I verily believe was the means of saving my life. Soon after wearing the Inhaler, I found it relieved the pressure on my lungs, and after a while the disease made its appearance upon the surface under the Inhaler. I take the Cherry Syrup as directed, and continued to do so, my cough gradually growing better, until it entirely left me, and I now consider myself cured. I still wear the Inhaler, as the use of it is rather pleasant, and believing it strengthening and purifying to the lungs, I feel unwilling at present to dispense with it. JOHN WOOD

Sold by BOYD & PAUL, No. 149 Chambers st., C. H. RING corner of John st. and Broadway, N.Y. Price $3 a package.

N. B.—Any person enclosing $3 to Boyd & Paul or Curtis & Perkins, New York, will receive a package containing a bottle of Hygean Vapor, one of Cherry Syrup, and an Inhaler in a neat box, by express, free to any part of the United States; or four packages for $10. y—50

The Ohio Harmonist.

A FULL supply for sale by April 21, 1851 N. P. STOCKBRIDGE.

I HAVE just received and offer for sale a good assortment of Buggy and seat Springs, at No. 123 and 125 Columbia st. R. W. TAYLOR. Dec. 12, 1853.

ROBINSON'S

Tannery, *LEATHER,* AND Boot & Shoe STORE.

SITUATED across the WEST end of principal business street of Fort Wayne, being at the

LONG CANAL BRIDGE.

At this MANUFACTORY and SALE STORE may be found a general assortment of

All kinds of Leather suited to this Market.

ALSO

Home-Made Boots & Shoes,

of the best quality, made in this place, *Warranted.*

ALSO

Eastern Styles of Boots & Shoes,

for all classes and of great variety.

CHILDREN'S at 20 Cts and upwards.

LADIES' from 45 Cts. to the neatest city styles and prices.

MEN'S from 60 Cts. to the California trunk!

No establishment can furnish any *Cheaper or better* articles for the price than can be found at this STORE.

My arrangements are suited to the

Wholesale and Retail Trade

And all are invited to call and examine the extensive varieties now on hand, and that will hereafter be added to my Stock, as the varying seasons and tastes of purchasers shall require.

JAMES H. ROBINSON. Fort Wayne, June 1852

H. B. REED.

Wholesale and Retail Dealer in

Drugs, Medicines, Chemicals,

Paints, Oils, Varnishes and Dye Stuffs, Glassware, Window Glass, Putty, Paint and Varnish Brushes, Perfumery, Soap, and Fancy Articles, Surgical Instruments, Tobacco, Cigars and Snuffs, Patent Medicines, Pure Wines and Brandies,

IS now receiving direct from the eastern cities, his Fall Stock, to which he invites the attention of dealers. Customers and physicians will always find at his establishment

Fresh & Unadulterated Medicines,

which he has selected with great personal care for this market.

His stock will be found as extensive as any other in the state, and his prices will compare with any other house in the west. Call and examine.

Fort Wayne, Nov. 9, 1852. H. B. R.

Late of Mitchell & Bro. *Late of W. C. Davis & Co.*

CHAMBERLAIN & Co.,

Successors to W. C. Davis & Co.

MANUFACTURERS OF EVERY DESCRIPTION OF

STOVES AND HOLLOW WARE,

Importers and Dealers in

STEEL, IRON & NAILS OF ALL SIZES,

AND OF A WARRANTED QUALITY.

CINCINNATI.

Sale and Sample Rooms, Corner of Main & Ninth St., Foundry and Office on Hunt st., East of Broadway.

WE flatter ourselves that we are prepared to offer as great inducements to western dealers as any other establishment, having, as we believe, as great a variety of

COOKING, PARLOR BOX & HEATING STOVES

(FOR WOOD OR COAL)

as any other manufacturing establishment, either East or West; all adapted to the western trade, and made from the best brands of Hanging Rock Metal; therefore less liable to crack from heat or to be broken in shipping than eastern stoves made of foreign metal. 1y36

1853 FORT WAYNE 1853

STEAM IRON WORKS.

JACOB C. BOWSER. JOSEPH STOREY.

BOWSER & STOREY,

Manufacturers of and Dealers in

STATIONARY STEAM ENGINES,

Of every size and variety, for Saw and Grist Mills, Shops and Warehouses.

Railroad Cars, Car Wheels,

SAW AND GRIST MILL GEARING,

Thrashing Machines, Stove, Potash, & Sugar Kettles, Plows, Plow Shears, &c.

and every other variety of Castings used in the western country, all on the most improved style and pattern. We invite particular attention to our

SHORT STROKE ENGINES

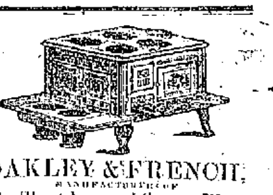
and machinery for saw mills, which are the most simple, durable, economical, and easily managed of any built in this city, the saw dust and slabs supplying abundant fuel.

Those wishing to purchase in our line will do well to give us a call (or address us by letter) as we are bound not to be beat in style and prices by any establishment in the country.

REPAIRS done with neatness and despatch.

Cash paid for old Castings and Brass.

Fort Wayne, October 20, 1853. y16



OAKLEY & FRENCH,

MANUFACTURERS OF

Tin, Sheet Iron, and Copper Ware,

AND DEALERS IN

STOVES, HOLLOW-WARE, &c.

No. 79 COLUMBIA STREET,

FORT WAYNE.

Town Lots for Sale.

THE proprietor of the INDIANA LAND AGENCY offers for sale the following lots in Fort Wayne, viz:

HANNA'S ADDITION.
Lot No. 63
" " 80
" " 81
" " 141
" " 141
" " 166
" " 344
" " 345
" " 393
" " 439
" " 501

EWING'S ADDITION.
Lot No. 3 Block No. 27
" " 4 " " 27
" " 8 " " 21
" " 9 " " 21
" " 4 " " 26
" " 3 " " 29
" " 8 " " 30
" " 4 " " 32

COUNTY ADDITION
Lot No. 38
" " 40
" " 72

TABER'S ADDITION
Lot No. 3
" " 29
" " 30

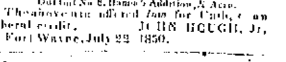
ROCKHILL'S ADDITION
Lot No. 32
" " [illegible]
" " 65
" " 66
" " 117
" " 119
" " 120

OLD PLAT.
Lot No. 28
" " 59
" " 69
" " 49

Out lot No. 6, Hanna's Addition, 2 Acre.

The above are offered *low for Cash*, or on liberal credit. JOHN HOUGH, Jr.

Fort Wayne, July 22 1850.



COMPARET, HUBBELL & Co

Forwarding & Commission Merchant

Eastern Basin, Columbia Street, near the Packet Landing,

FORT WAYNE, IND

AGENTS for Western Transportation Co.
Clinton and Erie Canal Lines,
Franklin Glass Works,
Dayton Cotton Mills,
Fairbank's Scales, &c. &c.

And Dealers in Salt, Fish, Nails, Powder, Fire Sash &c.

CASH paid for GRAIN and liberal ADVANCES made on consignments

May 1, 1852.

Indiana Land Agency.

THE subscriber having greatly extended his operations and facilities the business in all its various branches and tenders his services to the public for the *Survey and Investigation of Titles, Payment of Taxes, Procuring of [illegible]*, and all other services pertaining to a System of the

GENERAL LAND AGENCY.

He is provided with numerous and accurate Maps of different counties, and of the State—has personally visited the greater portion of Northern Indiana—has numerous and careful correspondents, and is prepared to furnish accurate and thorough information with regard to the *ownership, location, and value of Lands*, which will be afforded to all who desire such information.

He offers for sale

Large Tracts of Valuable Land,

well adapted to farming purposes situate as follows:

County	Acres	County	Acres
Allen County	17,706	Noble County	2,712
DeKalb "	7,624	Whitley "	7,767
Steuben "	9,267	Huntington "	5,071
Lagrange "	1,965	Wabash "	7,703
Kosciusko "	7,370	Miami "	1,797
Blackford "	2,774	Carroll "	1,528
Jay "	1,696	Cass "	2,046
Wells "	2,790	Fulton "	1,650
Adams "	2,996	Marshall "	1,329
Elkhart "	1,720	White "	1,549
Fountain "	2,547	Montgomery "	276
Putnam "	1,597	Tipton "	707
Parke "	1,585	Marion "	1,000
Brown "	1,360	Porter "	2,206

These lands will be sold for cash, or on part cash, and in cases on long time at a liberal credit. Title indisputable. [illegible]

Improved Farms,

in the counties of Allen, Huntington, Noble, and Wabash and a large number of

TOWN LOTS

in the towns of Fort Wayne, Huntington, Lagro, Wabash, Peru and Marion.

Prompt attention will be given to all communications addressed to the subscriber.

Office at the INDIANA LAND AGENCY, on Calhoun Street. JOHN HOUGH, Jr.

Fort Wayne, July 22, 185[illegible]

Marble Monuments & Tombstones.

THE subscriber has on hand a large supply of the above articles of the best quality, which he will sell very low. ☞ All persons wishing anything in that line are particularly requested to call and examine for themselves before purchasing anywhere.

CUT STONE OF ALL KINDS.

Principal Yard on the Canal, west of Ewing's Warehouse and Boat Yard. Finishing shop on Calhoun street, in Block between H. B. Reed's Drug Store, and Hill, Orbison & Co's warehouse.

JAMES HUMPHREY. Fort Wayne, March 20, 1850

WASH. M'LEAN. P. L. WEAVER.

WASH. M'LEAN, & Co.,

Boiler Makers,

And Dealers in Second Hand Boilers and Engines, *Congress Street, one door East of Ludlam,* CINCINNATI, Ohio.

Constantly on hand an assortment of new and second-hand Boilers, which they will sell low or exchange for old ones. y-24

Harness Makers.

A SUPERIOR article of HARNESS BRIDLE, & COLLAR LEATHER, of our own manufacture for sale by H. C. GREY & Co.

A. D. BRANDRIFF,

COOKING-STOVES

OF all kinds, at prices from $10 to $90, of extra weight and quality, made directly from the ore to order, at one of the best Furnaces in the United States, which enhances their value and durability at least fifty per cent above New York castings, (where there is a mixture of old metal.) Every Stove we will

Warrant to give perfect satisfaction,

and will insure every plate from breaking from the action of fire for a reasonable time, at prices CHEAPER than was ever before offered in Fort Wayne. Our stock consist in part of the following:

5 sizes of the Ironton Premium Cooking Stove.
5 do best do do do
4 do new do do do
3 do Elevated oven or Drum do
5 do Comets or Air-tight do
2 do Indiana (6 holes) do
1 do Hoosier State (5 holes) do
2 sizes 7 plate Stove suitable for Churches and School houses.
6 " Box Stoves, beautiful pattern and heavy plates.
3 " 10 Plated Stoves with oven and 2 holes on top, suitable for dining rooms and saloons.
2 " Franklin, and open front Parlor Stoves.
2 " Russia Iron self regulators.
4 " Rip Van Winkle of original design, and one of the most beautiful least Parlor Stoves ever presented to the public.

Also a large variety of all kinds of Stoves too tedious to mention. Also Sugar Kettles, Ovens, Skillets, Pots, Dog Irons, Smoothing Irons, and odd lids, &c., &c.

In connection with our Stoves, we have

A LARGE TIN SHOP,

and keep constantly on hand an extensive assortment of *Tin Ware* of our own manufacture, which we offer at Wholesale and Retail at prices and quality that will always give satisfaction. Country merchants will do well to examine our stock. Also a large assortment of Japanned ware. Spouting and Gutters constantly on hand, and all kinds of House Jobbing done at the shortest notice and in the best workmanlike manner.

Old Iron, Pewter, Copper and Rags, taken in exchange for wares. Our entire stock is only to be seen to be appreciated.

July 8th, 1853. y1